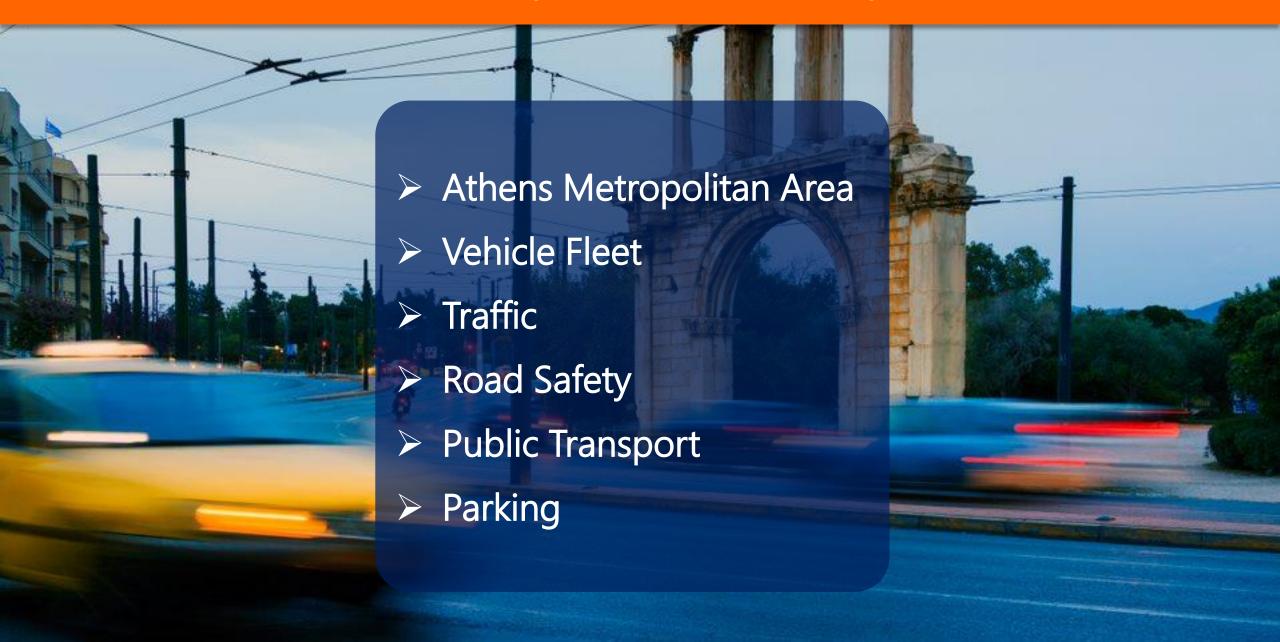




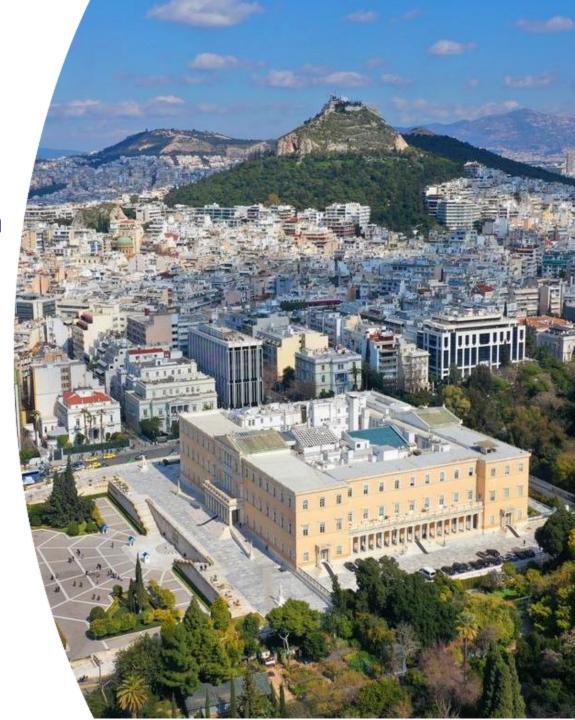


Mobility in Athens today



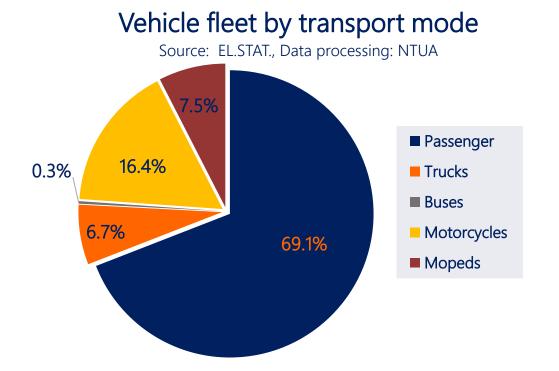
Athens Metropolitan Area

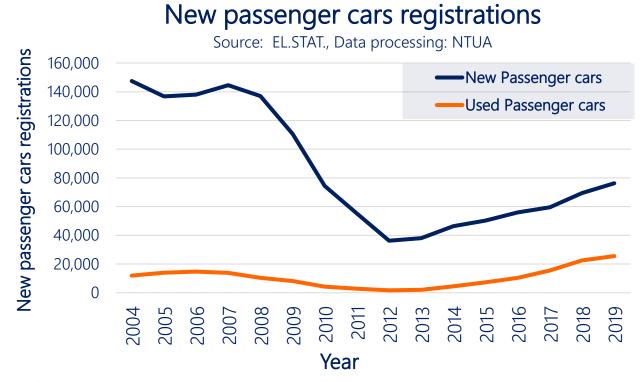
- > Athens is the capital and largest city of Greece
- ➤ The city of Athens and surrounding municipalities constitute the metropolitan area of the Attica basin
- The city of Athens, has a population of 664,046 people and an area of 38.96 km²
- ➤ Athens Metropolitan Area has a population of 3,090,508 people and an area of 412 km²
- The average age of the population is 41.3 y.o.
- ➤ Road infrastructure of 868 km with more than 400 signalized junctions





Vehicle Fleet – decade of no increase



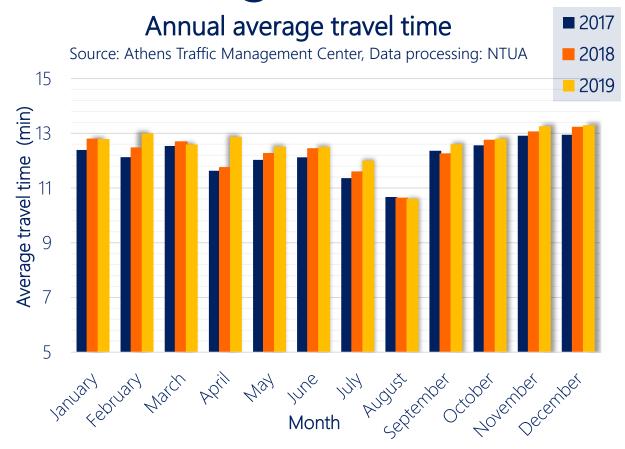


- > Passenger cars constitute 69% of the total vehicle fleet, while two-wheelers constitute 24%
- Approximately 18.000 taxis are operating in Athens
- During 2009-2013, a significant reduction of new passenger car and motorcycle registrations is observed
- In 2019, Public Transport fleet consisted of 1.725 thermal and 291 electric buses
- In early 2019, the first micromobility services appeared in Athens



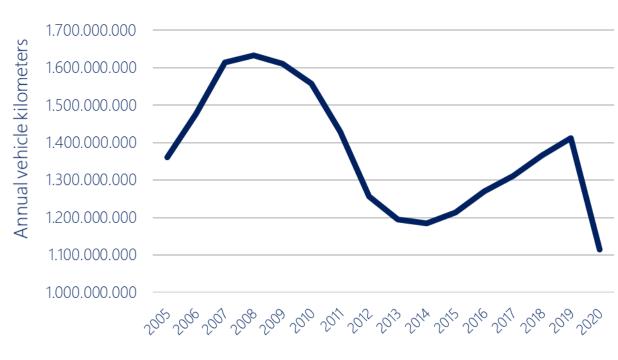


Traffic – significant decrease & slow recovery



Annual vehicle kilometers in Attica Tollway



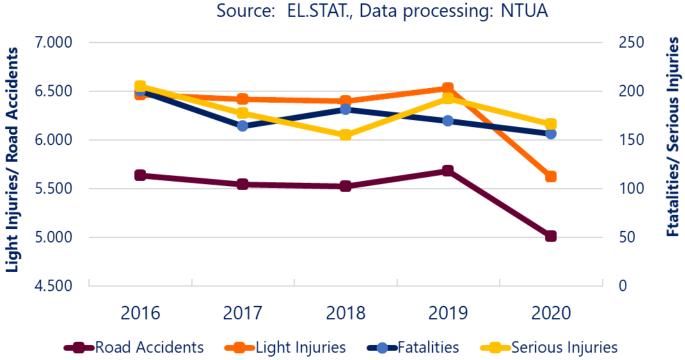


- The highest travel times are observed in November/December. The lowest are observed in August.
- An increase in average travel time was identified in 2019, compared to the last three years
- An increase in annual vehicle kilometers in Attica Tollway is observed from 2014 to 2019, followed by a remarkable decrease in 2020 due to the Covid-19 mobility restrictions



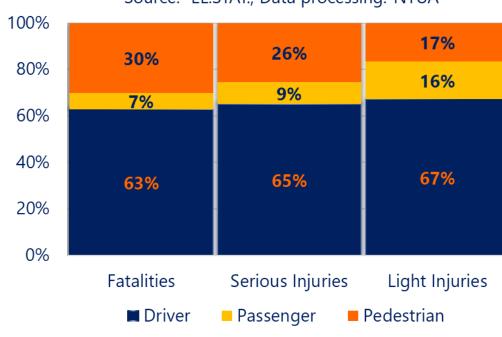
Road Safety – slight improvement





Fatalities & Injuries per severity and type of road user, 2019

Source: EL.STAT., Data processing: NTUA

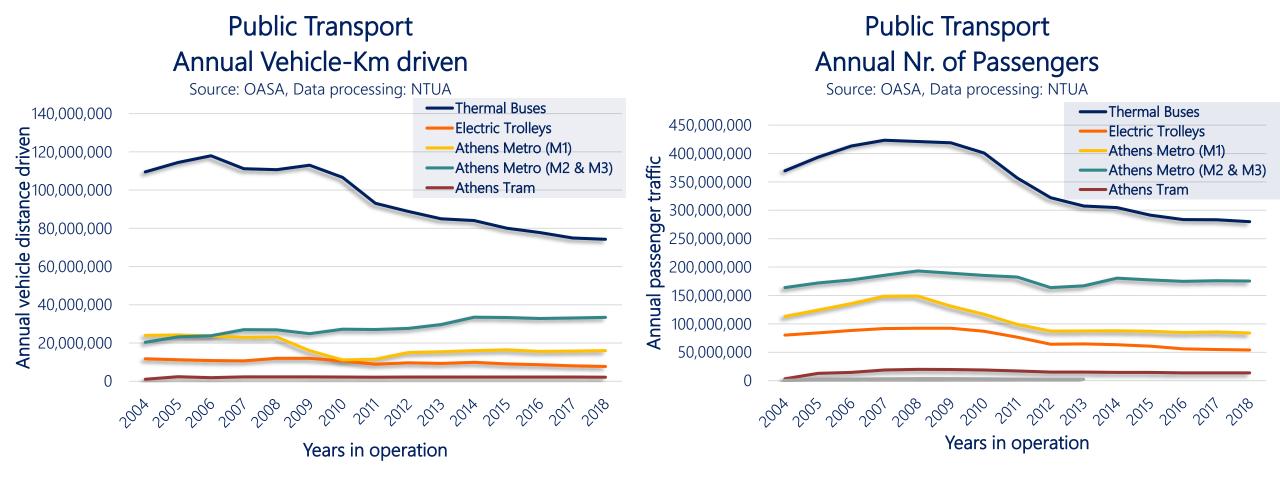


- During the last years, a decrease in road fatalities can be observed in the region of Attica
- > Car drivers constitute the largest road user group among road fatalities
- > Together with car passengers they account for 70% of all fatalities





Public Transport – significant decrease

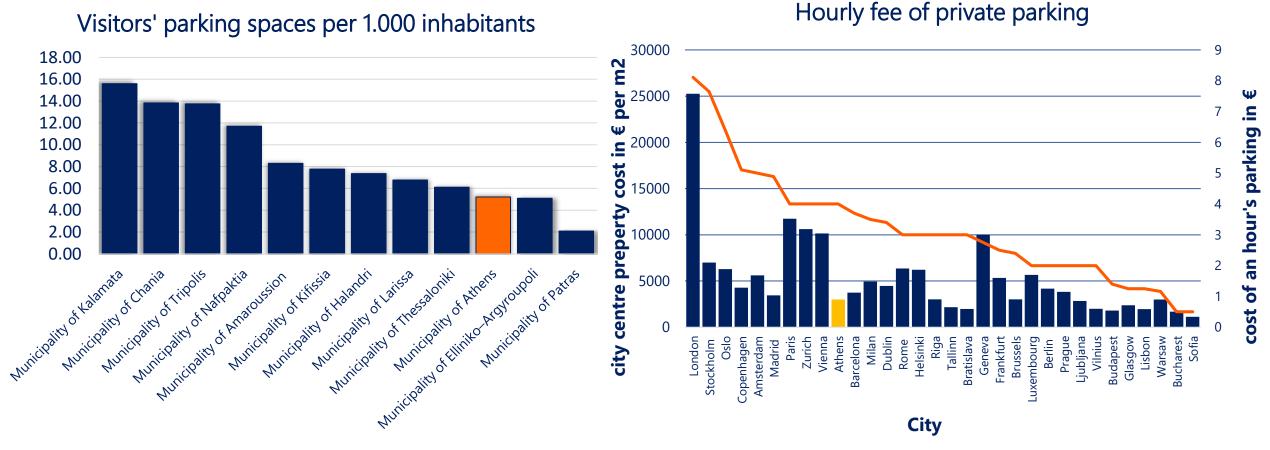


- > Significant reduction in both passengers and vehicle-kilometres in buses
- > Increase in vehicle kilometers of Athens Metro, while number of passengers remained stable





Parking – insufficient and unsupervised



- \triangleright Athens the 3rd lower index of visitors' parking spaces per 1.000 inhabitants compared to other Greek cities
- The average hourly parking in 32 European cities is 3 euros while in Athens it is approximately 4 euros.



Athens Great Walk and its Pilot Implementation



Athens Great Walk

- ➤ Since Autumn of 2019, a series of novel traffic and parking interventions for the center of Athens were examined
- > The proposed interventions are part of the new mobility policy of the City of Athens, and are harmonized both with the Athens Sustainable Urban Mobility Plan and the related trends in European cities
- > The new mobility interventions formed a major urban regeneration plan called the Athens Great Walk







Athens Great Walk Objectives

The objective of the new mobility interventions is to create a new quality in urban mobility, promote public transport and active travel modes, in order to achieve:

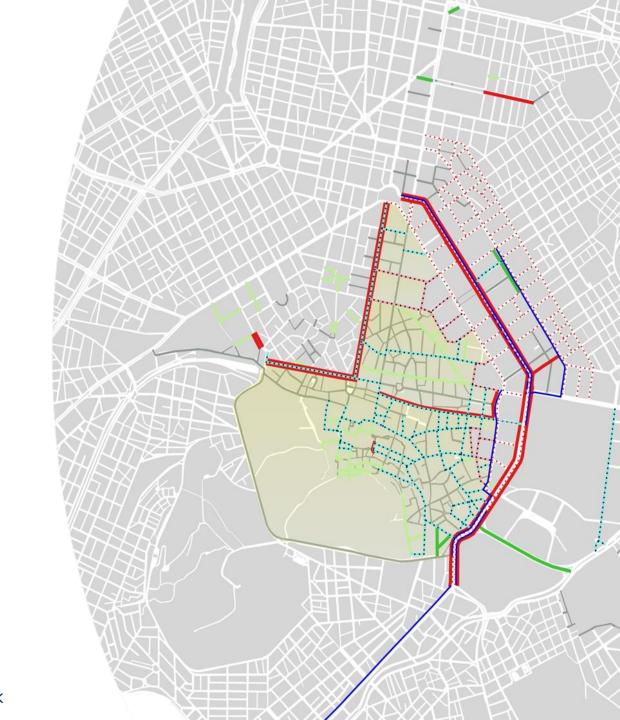
- **≻**Safe
- **≻**Green
- **≻**Efficient

transport for all



Mobility Interventions

- > Pedestrianization of urban streets
- ➤ Increase of Sidewalks space in central road axes
- Promotion of Public Transport and Cycling
- > Speed Limit Reduction
- New parking arrangements







Traffic Impact Study

- > Definition of the baseline traffic scenario in the city of Athens and the Greater Athens area
- > Examination of alternative traffic management schemes using the NTUA Traffic macro and micro simulation models for Athens (Aimsun)
- > Calculation of **Key Performance Indicators** for car traffic, public transport, bicycles and pedestrians - Selection of the best scenario
- > The model predictions were successfully validated during the implementation

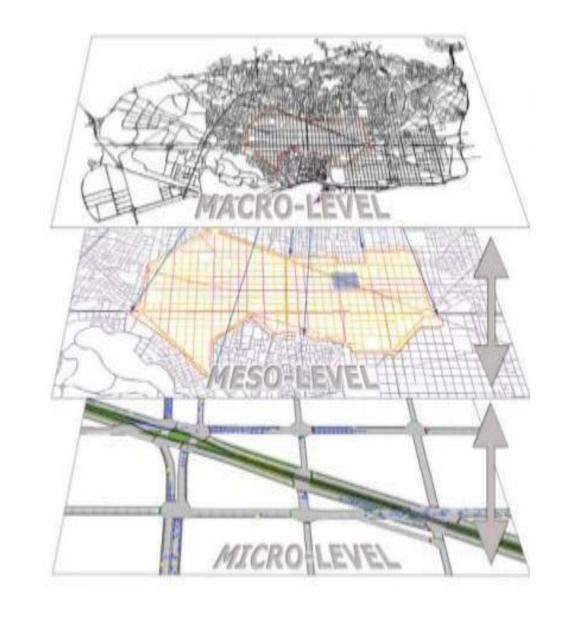






NTUA Traffic Simulation Model

- > The Integrated Traffic Simulation Model for the Athens Network of the NTUA Department of Transportation Planning and Engineering was updated and used for the needs of the study (292 zones of origin-destination)
- > An analysis at road network-level (macro), axeslevel (meso) and selected junctions (micro) was performed
- > The impact assessment was based on 6 selected Performance Indicators by comparing current situation with a series of alternative scenarios while the best scenario was selected

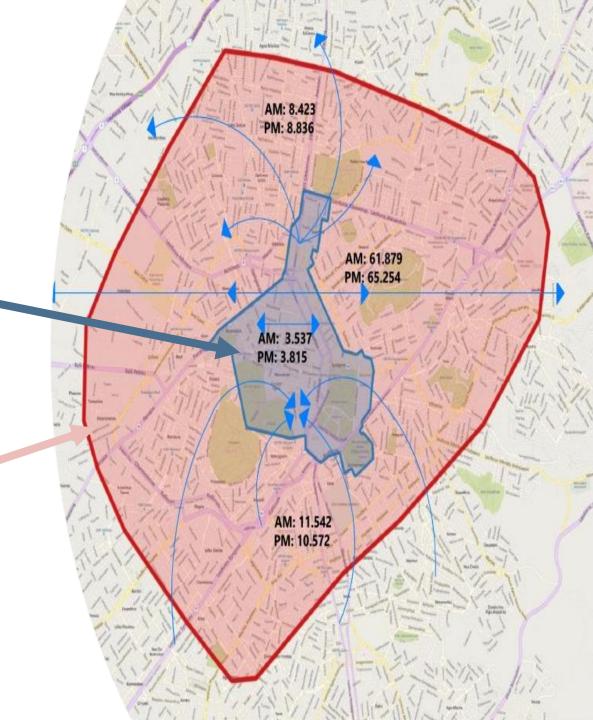




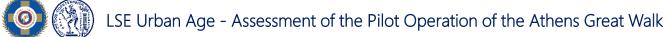


Analysis Area

Wider Area **Analysis**







Pilot Implementation

- ➤In June 2020, a pilot implementation of a subset of the new mobility interventions was decided, following the example of several cities worldwide on the occasion of the pandemic:
 - > to support active travel modes,
 - > to assess the mobility interventions in practice,
 - > to initiate a live public consultation and dialogue based on pilot results
 - > to guide travelers towards better mobility behaviour
- The subset of interventions implemented were:
 - ➤ Increase of sidewalks in streets with high pedestrian traffic
 - > Exclusive lanes for pedestrians and cyclists
 - > Exclusive bus lanes
 - ➤ Motorcycle, taxi and disabled parking management
- The evaluation of the pilot implementation led to useful adjustments for the final engineering





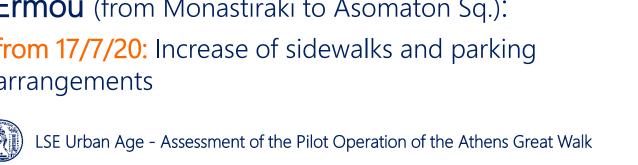


Interventions in Operation

- ➤ Olgas Av. Herodou Attikou: from 13/6/20: Streets free of private vehicles
- **Panepistimiou** (from Vas. Sofias Av to Omonoia Sq.): from 14/6/20: Increase of sidewalks and decrease of traffic lanes to 3 (from 5 or 6 lanes) from 3/8/20: Add an extra traffic lane
- > Syntagma Square (from Kar. Servias to Mitropoleos): from 28/6/20: Increase of sidewalks with 4 traffic lanes and 1 traffic lane for the station of PT (from Ermou St. to Mitropoleos St.)
- **Ermou** (from Monastiraki to Asomaton Sq.): from 17/7/20: Increase of sidewalks and parking arrangements







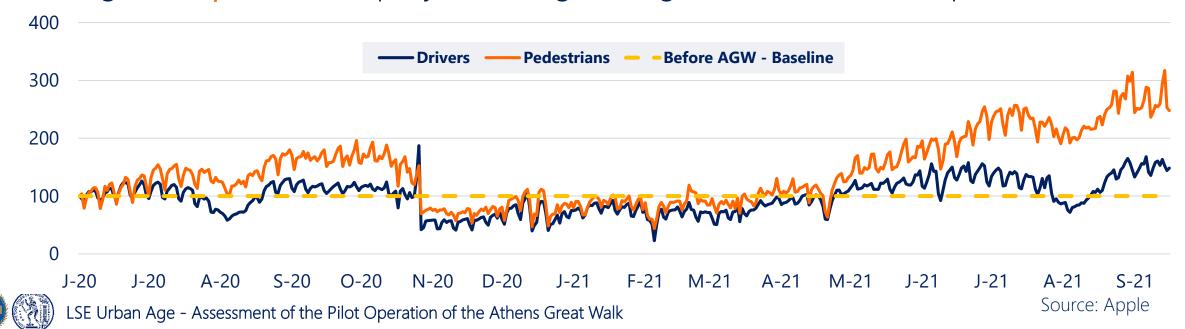


Pilot Evaluation



Mobility Trends in Athens Greater Area

- ➤ The week before the pilot implementation of the interventions (8/6/20-12/6/20) is considered as the baseline time period
- From June 2020 until October 2020, an increase in pedestrian mobility can be observed, which can partly be attributed to the avoidance of Public Transport due to the pandemic
- ➤ Mobility of passenger cars and pedestrians from November 2020 to April 2021 is significantly reduced due to COVID-19 restrictions
- ➤ Walking from April 2021 is rapidly increasing. Driving is also increased compared to 2020.



Comparison of Observed & Predicted Travel Times

> Travel times observed during the first weeks of the pilot implementation confirmed the predictions of the traffic simulation model of NTUA (with the exception of the Vas. Amalias Av.)

Мо	del Predictions	Observations			Difference	
Existing A	Scenario 3 traffic lanes	Dif.	Before AGW	1st-7th week	Dif.	Observations - Predictions
2.9	5.1	2.2	2.7	3.9	1.2	-1.1
4.9	4.9	0.0	4.9	4.4	-0.5	-0.5
4.4	5.1	0.7	7.1	7.2	0.1	-0.6
3.3	3.7	0.4	2.7	2.6	-0.1	-0.5
3.4	3.1	-0.4	4.6	4.4	-0.2	0.2
5.5	5.0	-0.5	4.3	4.1	-0.1	0.4
1.9	2.0	0.1	3.6	5.2	1.6	1.5
2.7	2.6	-0.1	3.0	3.2	0.1	0.2
4.4	4.9	0.5	5.2	4.4	-0.8	-1.3
4.4	4.3	-0.1	5.7	5.2	-0.5	-0.4
1.6	2.2	0.6	1.3	1.4	0.1	-0.5
1.8	3.2	1.5	1.3	1.4	0.1	-1.4
2.0	1.9	-0.1	6.7	7.0	0.2	0.3
3.8	3.9	0.0	5.6	4.8	-0.8	-0.9
9.0	9.6	0.5	7.8	9.0	1.2	0.6
7.1	7.2	0.1	9.2	9.8	0.7	0.6
	2.9 4.9 4.4 3.3 3.4 5.5 1.9 2.7 4.4 4.4 1.6 1.8 2.0 3.8 9.0	Existing A Scenario 3 traffic lanes 2.9 5.1 4.9 4.9 4.4 5.1 3.3 3.7 3.4 3.1 5.5 5.0 1.9 2.0 2.7 2.6 4.4 4.3 1.6 2.2 1.8 3.2 2.0 1.9 3.8 3.9 9.0 9.6	2.9 5.1 2.2 4.9 4.9 0.0 4.4 5.1 0.7 3.3 3.7 0.4 3.4 3.1 -0.4 5.5 5.0 -0.5 1.9 2.0 0.1 2.7 2.6 -0.1 4.4 4.9 0.5 4.4 4.3 -0.1 1.6 2.2 0.6 1.8 3.2 1.5 2.0 1.9 -0.1 3.8 3.9 0.0 9.0 9.6 0.5	Existing A Scenario 3 traffic lanes Dif. Before AGW 2.9 5.1 2.2 2.7 4.9 4.9 0.0 4.9 4.4 5.1 0.7 7.1 3.3 3.7 0.4 2.7 3.4 3.1 -0.4 4.6 5.5 5.0 -0.5 4.3 1.9 2.0 0.1 3.6 2.7 2.6 -0.1 3.0 4.4 4.9 0.5 5.2 4.4 4.3 -0.1 5.7 1.6 2.2 0.6 1.3 1.8 3.2 1.5 1.3 2.0 1.9 -0.1 6.7 3.8 3.9 0.0 5.6 9.0 9.6 0.5 7.8	Existing A Scenario 3 traffic lanes Dif. Before AGW 1st-7th week 2.9 5.1 2.2 2.7 3.9 4.9 4.9 0.0 4.9 4.4 4.4 5.1 0.7 7.1 7.2 3.3 3.7 0.4 2.7 2.6 3.4 3.1 -0.4 4.6 4.4 5.5 5.0 -0.5 4.3 4.1 1.9 2.0 0.1 3.6 5.2 2.7 2.6 -0.1 3.0 3.2 4.4 4.9 0.5 5.2 4.4 4.4 4.3 -0.1 5.7 5.2 1.6 2.2 0.6 1.3 1.4 1.8 3.2 1.5 1.3 1.4 2.0 1.9 -0.1 6.7 7.0 3.8 3.9 0.0 5.6 4.8 9.0 9.6 0.5 7.8 9.0	Existing A Scenario 3 traffic lanes Dif. Before AGW 1st-7th week Dif. 2.9 5.1 2.2 2.7 3.9 1.2 4.9 4.9 0.0 4.9 4.4 -0.5 4.4 5.1 0.7 7.1 7.2 0.1 3.3 3.7 0.4 2.7 2.6 -0.1 3.4 3.1 -0.4 4.6 4.4 -0.2 5.5 5.0 -0.5 4.3 4.1 -0.1 1.9 2.0 0.1 3.6 5.2 1.6 2.7 2.6 -0.1 3.0 3.2 0.1 4.4 4.9 0.5 5.2 4.4 -0.8 4.4 4.3 -0.1 5.7 5.2 -0.5 1.6 2.2 0.6 1.3 1.4 0.1 1.8 3.2 1.5 1.3 1.4 0.1 2.0 1.9 -0.1 6.7 <



Travel Times

Central Road Axes

- ➤ Expected traffic congestion in Panepistimiou St. that stabilized after the 2nd week
- ➤ Increase of travel time on Panepistimiou St. by 48% in the first 2 weeks
- > Limited traffic variation in the other central road axes

Entry Road Axes

- ➤ Similar traffic conditions in the entry road axes comparing to the period before the pilot implementation
- Except from Vas. Amalias (to Panepistimiou), which presents traffic congestion especially during the first operation phase 4 (1st-7th week)

Exit Road Axes

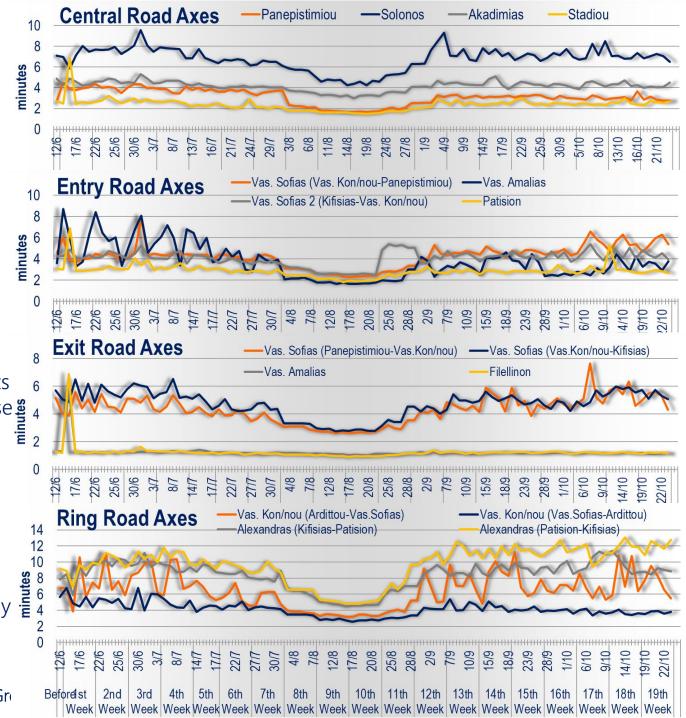
➤ Travel times do not change significantly after the pilot implementation of interventions

Ring Road Axes

Traffic congestion during the morning peak hours especially on the two directions of Alexandras Av.



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Comparison of travel times per operation phase

1st Phase: 3 traffic lanes on Panepistimiou St. (07/2020) 2nd Phase: 4 traffic lanes on Panepistimiou St. (09/2020) 3rd Phase: 1 year after the pilot implementation (05/2021)

- ➤ Central Axes: The travel time on Panepistimion St. during the 1st Phase increased by 1.1 min. while during the 2nd and the 3rd phase traffic conditions improved
- ➤ Entry Axes: Most of the axes show similar traffic conditions to the period before, with the exception of Vas. Amalias in the 1st phase and Vas. Sofias in the 3rd phase
- ➤ Exit Axes: The impact of the mobility interventions on most road axes is negligible
- ➤ Ring Axes: On Vas. Konstantinou Av. (to Vas. Sofias) and Alexandras Av. the travel times were increased during the 2nd phase while during the 3rd phase traffic conditions slightly improved

miou St. (09/2020) Observation			ions ((min)		
ner	ntation (05/2021)		Before AGW	1 st Phase	2 nd Phase	3 rd Phase		Before AGW	
ou	Route		12/6/20	13/7- 17/7/20	14/9- 18/9/20	May 2021	1 st Phase	2 nd Phase	3 rd Phase
Ju	Central Road Axes								
_	Panepistimiou (from Vas. Sofias to Patis	ion)	2.7	3.8	3.1	2.8	1.1	0.4	0.1
-	Akadimias (from Patision to Vas.Sofias)		4.9	4.2	4.5	4.0	-0.7	-0.4	-0.9
	Solonos (from Vas. Sofias to Patision)		7.1	6.9	7.5	5.9	-0.2	0.4	-1.2
	Stadiou (from Aiolou to Vas. Georgiou)		2.7	2.3	2.4	2.4	-0.4	-0.3	-0.3
	Entry Road Axes								
he	Vas. Sofias (from Vas. Konstantinou to F	Panepistimiou)	4.6	4.2	4.6	5.9	-0.3	0.0	1.3
d	Vas. Sofias (from Kifisias to Vas. Konstantin		4.3	4.2	4.2	3.9	-0.1	-0.1	-0.4
	Vas. Amalias (from Ath. Diakou to Panep	oistimiou)	3.6	5.3	3.9	3.9	1.7	0.3	0.3
	Patision (from Alexandras to Stadiou)		3.0	3.0	2.8	3.3	0.0	-0.3	0.3
	Exit Road Axes								
•	Vas. Sofias (from Panepistimiou to Vas. I	Konstantinou)	5.2	4.1	5.0	5.4	-1.1	-0.2	0.2
	Vas. Sofias (from Vas. Konstantinou to Kifis	ias)	5.7	4.9	5.2	5.2	-0.8	-0.5	-0.5
	Vas Amalias (from Filellinon to Ath. Diakou)		1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	0.0	-0.1	-0.1
	Filellinon (from Vas. Georgiou to Vas. Amalia	as)	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1
	Ring Road Axes								
	Vas. Konstantinou (from Ardittou/ Ath.	Diakou to Vas. Sofias)	6.7	6.2	8.1	7.4	-0.5	1.4	0.7
y	Vas. Konstantinou (from Vas. Sofias to Arc	littou/ Ath. Diakou)	5.6	4.3	4.3	5.1	-1.3	-1.3	-0.5
	Alexandras (from Kifisias to Patision)		7.8	9.0	8.9	8.8	1.1	1.1	1.0
	Alexandras (from Patision to Kifisias)		9.2	9.7	11.1	10.2	0.5	1.9	1.0
of tl	ne Athens Great Walk				So	ource: (Google	Directio	ns API

Modal Split & Traffic Volumes

Panepistimiou St.

- > 19 weeks after the pilot implementation, a reduction in the hourly volume passenger cars during the morning peak by 50% (from 2,522 to 1,259) and during the afternoon peak by 36% (from 1,710 to 1,094) was observed
- > Reduction in the share of passenger cars during the morning peak by 15%
- > Simultaneous increase in the use of taxi by 7% and in the use of motorcycles by 9%

Nearby Area (Stadiou, Solonos, Filelinon, Vas. Sofias, Vas. Amalias & Akadimias)

- > The modal split was only slightly different from the period before the pilo implementation
- > Reduction of the passenger cars share during the morning peak by 4% an during the afternoon peak by 2%
- > Reduction of total hourly traffic volume by 17% in the morning peak and 24% in the afternoon peak

Ring Road Axes (Alexandras Av., Vas. Konstantinou)

> The modal split did not show a significant difference compared to the period before the AGW

			Hourly Traffic Vol.		Modal Split		
			Morning Peak Hour	Afternoon Peak Hour	Morning Peak Hour	Afternoon Peak Hour	
e <mark>of</mark> id		Passenger Cars Taxi	-50.1% 2.5%	-36.0% -27.2%	-15.2% 7.2%	-4.4% 1.4%	
iu	nio	Lorries	-78.6%	-70.0%	-0.9%	-0.7%	
	Panepistimiou	Buses	-22.7%	15.8%	0.3%	1.2%	
%		Motorcycles	-7.0%	-24.2%	8.5%	1.9%	
		Bicycles	-12.1%	60.0%	0.2%	0.4%	
		Scooters	200%	280.0%	0.2%	0.3%	
		Total	-33.3%	-29.6%			
		Passenger Cars	-23%	-28%	-4.1%	-2.3%	
	y Area	Taxi	-7 %	-17%	1.9%	1.7%	
ot		Lorries	-16%	-57%	0.0%	-0.1%	
<i>,</i>		Buses	-15%	-13%	0.0%	0.2%	
اء ما	Nearby Area	Motorcycles	-10%	-23%	2.0%	0.4%	
nd		Bicycles	-2%	-14%	0.1%	0.1%	
		Scooters	-2%	143%	0.0%	0.1%	
		Total	-17%	-24%			
	Ring Road Axes	Passenger Cars	20%	14%	0.6%	-2.4%	
		Taxi	13%	35%	-0.6%	1.7%	
		Lorries	52%	116%	0.9%	2.0%	
		Buses	33%	9%	0.1%	-0.0%	
		Motorcycles	15%	16%	-0.9%	-1.0%	
		Bicycles	-4%	-31%	-0.1%	-0.2%	
		Scooters	64%	-61%	0.0%	-0.1%	
		Total	18%	20%			

Hourly Traffic Vol

Modal Split





Walking

Panepistimiou St.

> 19 weeks into the pilot implementation a significant increase in walking compared to the week before the implementation was observed

Nearby Area (Panepistimiou St., Stadiou, Solonos, Filelinon, Vas. Sofias, Vas. Amalias & Akadimias)

- > After 19 weeks, a significant increase in walking (+82%) was observed. In September 2021 pedestrian traffic is at the same increased level.
- > This can partly be attributed to the widening of the sidewalks on Panepistimiou St., Syntagma Sq. and Ermou St.

Ring Road Axes (Alexandras Av., Vas. Konstantinou)

Walking remained fairly stable during the examined period LSE Urban Age - Assessment of the Pilot Operation of the Athens Great Walk

Hourly Walking Trend





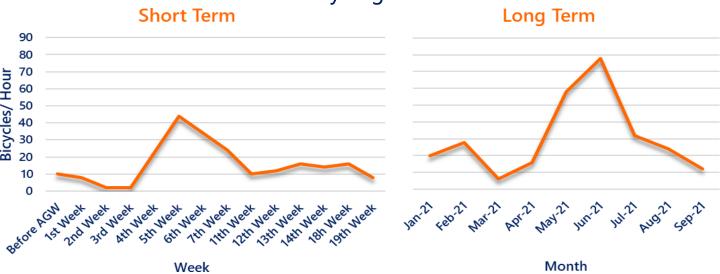
Nearby Area

Ring Road Axes

Panepistimiou St.

Cycling

- > A two-direction lane was created for bicycles on Panepistimiou St.
- On average an increase in bicycle traffic at Panepistimiou St. was observed
- The highest bicycle volume is observed in the 5th week (mid-July)
- In 2021 bicycle traffic is increased compared to the same periods of 2020 Cycling trends







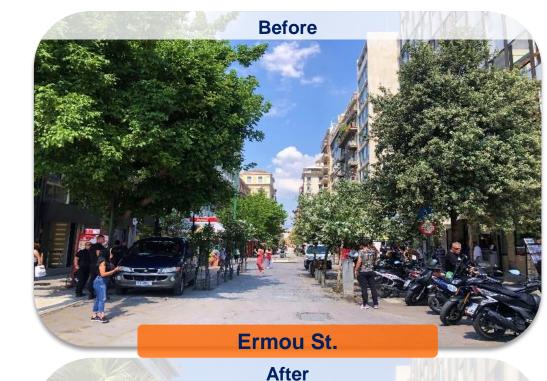




Motorcycles Parking

- > To reduce the inconvenience of pedestrians from the illegal parking of motorcycles on sidewalks, 919 new motorcycle parking spaces were created. This led to:
 - > Reduction of illegally parked motorcycles on the road and sidewalk, by 31% (from 1.744 to 1.205)
 - > Regarding the legal parking spaces of motorcycles, there is an overall increase of 66% (from 775 to 1.289)

•	Before		A	fter	Difference (%)		
Area	Legal	Illegal	Legal	Illegal	Legal	Illegal	
Commercial Triangle	408	1,043	889	669	+118%	-36%	
Panepistimiou	63	92	96	52	+52%	-43%	
Irodou Attikou	0	7	0	5	_	-29%	
Psyri	250	244	250	210	0%	-14%	
Plaka	54	358	54	269	0%	-25%	
Total	775	1,744	1.289	1.205	+66%	-31%	









Taxi Stand

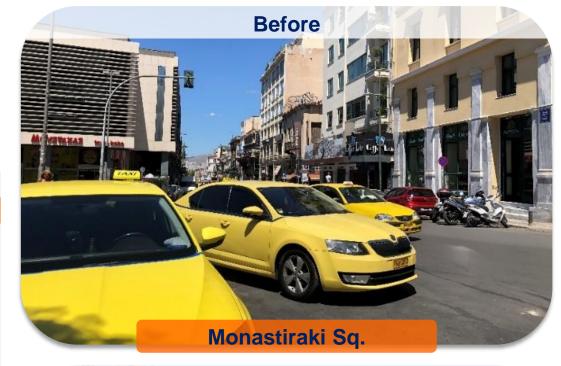
> By implementing the new mobility interventions in Athens center, taxi stands were doubled

	Before	After						
Commercial Triangle								
Othonos (to Amalias Av.)	11	11						
Dragatsiniou (to Stadiou)	2	2						
Sofokleous (to Athinas)	0	5*						
Evripidou (to Athinas)	0	5*						
Omonoia (to G. Septemvriou)	3	3						
Omonoia (to Stadiou)	3	3						
Ag. Asomaton	0	3						
Monastiraki Sq.	0	8						
_Total	19	40						
Panepistimiou St.								
Omirou (to Panepistimiou)	0	3						
Palama	4	4						
Ippokratous (to Panepistimiou)	6	6						
Sina (to Panepistimiou)	0	5*						
Total	10	18						
Grand Total	29	58						

^{*} final implementation is pending

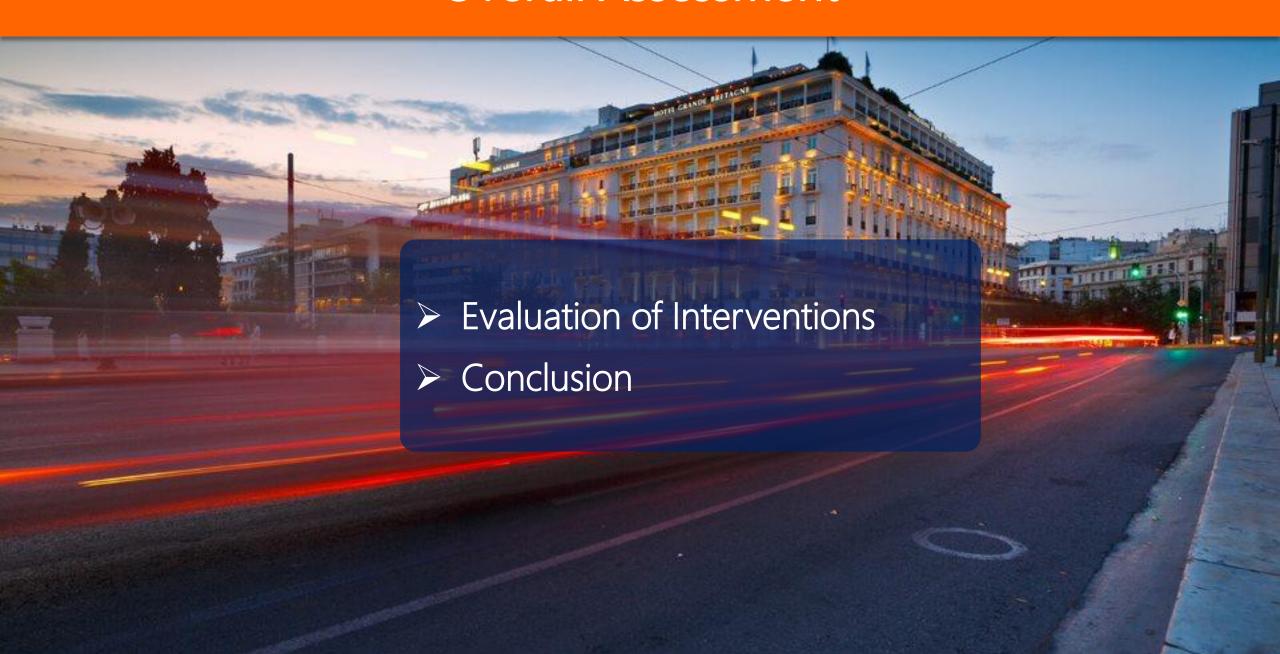








Overall Assessment



Evaluation of Interventions

Advantages

- ➤ Decrease of passenger car use on Panepistimiou St. (-15%) with a corresponding increase of taxis (+7%) and motorcycles (+9%)
- ➤ Improved Level of Service for bus and trolley passengers, as they do not have to get on/ off between taxis and other illegally parked vehicles
- Significant increase in walking on central Axes and in the area around the center of Athens
- Pedestrians on Ermou St. have more space so they can move more comfortably and safely
- Increase in cycling in and around the city center
- Removal of illegally parked cars and taxis from bus roads, without provoking public reactions
- > Better organized taxi stand by doubling the number of stand places
- ➤ Better parking service for people with disabilities by creating 17 new special parking spaces
- Reduction of car traffic speed on central roads with positive impact on safety and comfort of vulnerable road users
- > Significant reduction of traffic noise and air pollution

Disadvantages

- ➤ Temporary (4 weeks) traffic congestion on a number of road axes in and around the city center such as:
 - Panepistimiou St.
 - Vas. Amalias Av.
 - Vas. Konstantinou Av.
 - Alexandras Av.
- Traffic conditions on the majority of the road axes significantly improved after 3 months, at similar levels as before the pilot implementation



Conclusion

- > The goals and predictions of the new traffic and parking interventions in the context of Athens Great Walk, are fulfilled with a relatively fast adaptation of traffic to the new conditions
- > For the first time, the focus on sustainable mobility policy is on people and the environment, in contrast to the previous unilateral priority in private car traffic
- > Changes in travel habits were observed by shifting to more environmentally friendly modes of transport
- > These encouraging results provide an opportunity for the expansion of the new sustainable urban mobility policy in all areas of City of Athens, aiming at the gradual implementation of an integrated network of bicycle lanes and more comfortable walking







