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TRB Inter' Activities Executive Subcommittee Workshop:  
*Autonomous and Connected Mobility: Technology, Regulations, and Deployment*

**ECTRI-TRB MoU**  
**CCAM Policy Support Tools**

Prof. George Yannis, Board member  
Monday January 12, 2026

- Leading European **Research Association** for **Sustainable and Multimodal Mobility**
- Established in **2003** as a **Non-Profit Organisation** based in **Brussels**, Belgium
- Tie together the **30** foremost **Transport Research Centers and Universities** across Europe
- Mission: Pushing for **Green, Safe, Efficient and Inclusive Transport** for **People** and **Goods** by
  - Facilitating **representation and cooperation** of its Members
  - Providing independent **evidence-based advice** to policy makers in Europe
  - Promoting **mobility research** and enhancing its **scientific quality and effectiveness**

# ECTRI and CCAM related activities

- Member of **ERTRAC** (European Road Transport Research Council) **Working Group on Connectivity and Automated Driving**
  - [Connected, Cooperative, and Automated Mobility Roadmap](#), 2022 – [Update](#)
- Member of European **Connected, Cooperative and Automated Mobility Partnership**
  - [CCAM Strategic Research and Innovation Agenda](#)
  - Ingrid Skogsmo, ECTRI President, leading CCAM Cluster on Societal aspects and people needs
- Partner & dissemination leader in **RESKILLING** project
  - Goal: to **equip Europe's mobility workforce** and businesses with the **skills** to navigate CCAM's evolving landscape



<https://reskilling-project.eu/>

# Cooperative, Connected and Automated Mobility Policy Support Tools

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ECTRI-TRB MoU

TRB International Activities Executive Subcommittee Workshop:  
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Technology, Regulations, and Deployment





# The LEVITATE & SHOW Projects

LEVITATE focused on the development of a new impact assessment framework, in order to enable policymakers to manage the **introduction of Connected, Cooperative and Automated Mobility (CCAM)**, maximise the benefits and utilise the technologies to achieve societal objectives.

SHOW supported the **deployment of shared, connected and electrified automation** in urban transport, to advance sustainable urban mobility. Large-scale trials of public and cargo transport were conducted in 20 open traffic & 4 controlled environments across 5 Mega Sites, 5 Satellite Sites and 3 Follower Sites.

- The LEVITATE PST was also **integrated** in the SHOW system.



levitate

<https://levitate-project.eu/>



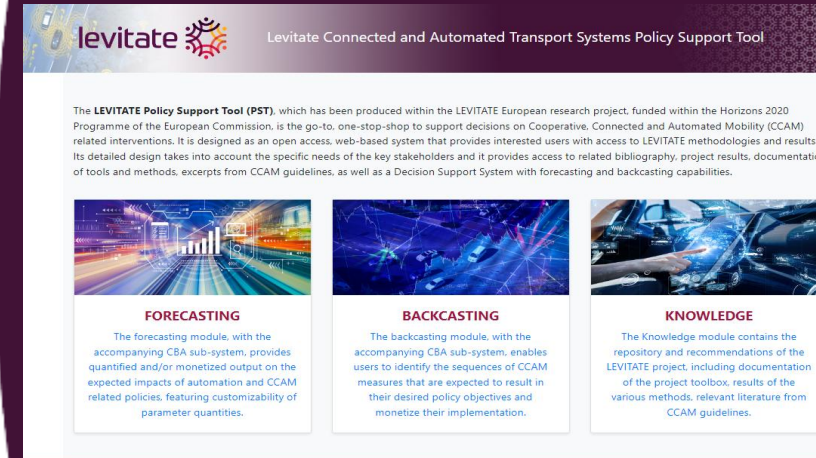
<https://show-project.eu/>



# Introduction

- The LEVITATE Policy Support Tool (PST) is an **open access, web-based system** that provides access to results obtained by LEVITATE methodologies.
- The LEVITATE PST is the go-to, one-stop-shop for **decision support** on CCAM-related interventions. It is expected to be used by city authorities, transport planners and engineers, transport researchers and interested citizens.
- Its detailed design considers specific **needs of the key stakeholders** and provides access to related bibliography, project results, documentation of tools and methods, excerpts from CCAM guidelines, as well as a PST with forecasting, backcasting and CBA capabilities.

<https://www.ccam-impacts.eu/>



The **LEVITATE Policy Support Tool (PST)**, which has been produced within the LEVITATE European research project, funded within the Horizons 2020 Programme of the European Commission, is the go-to, one-stop-shop to support decisions on Cooperative, Connected and Automated Mobility (CCAM) related interventions. It is designed as an open access, web-based system that provides interested users with access to LEVITATE methodologies and results. Its detailed design takes into account the specific needs of the key stakeholders and it provides access to related bibliography, project results, documentation of tools and methods, excerpts from CCAM guidelines, as well as a Decision Support System with forecasting and backcasting capabilities.

FORECASTING	BACKCASTING	KNOWLEDGE
The forecasting module, with the accompanying CBA sub-system, provides quantified and/or monetized output on the expected impacts of automation and CCAM related policies, featuring customizability of parameter quantities.	The backcasting module, with the accompanying CBA sub-system, enables users to identify the sequences of CCAM measures that are expected to result in their desired policy objectives and monetize their implementation.	The Knowledge module contains the repository and recommendations of the LEVITATE project, including documentation of the project toolbox, results of the various methods, relevant literature from CCAM guidelines.

#### ABOUT LEVITATE

LEVITATE is building tools to help European cities, regions and national governments prepare for a future with increasing levels of automated vehicles in passenger cars, urban transport services and urban logistics.

#### HORIZON 2020 PROJECT

LEVITATE has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 824361.

#### CONTACT

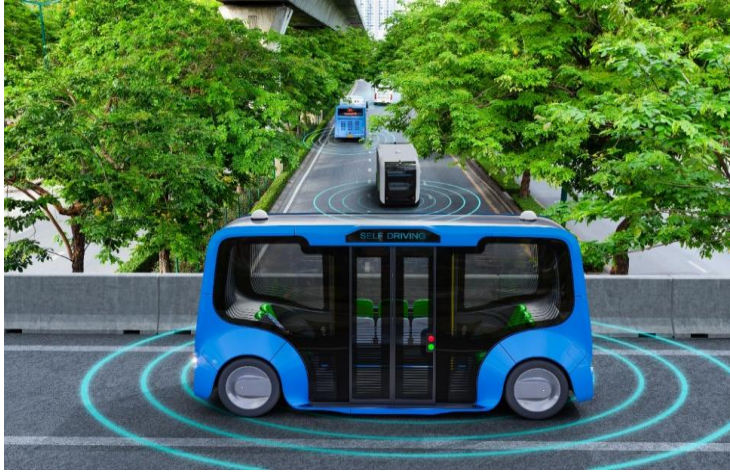
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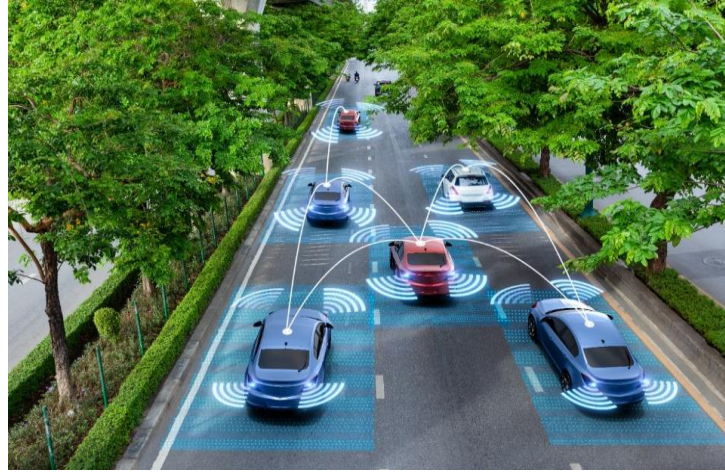
# Taxonomy

Three automation Use Cases are considered:

## Urban transport



## Passenger cars



## Freight transport



...as well as specific Sub Use-Cases are investigated for each domain:

- Point-to-point automated shuttle services
- On-demand automated shuttle services
- Road use pricing
- Green Light Optimized Speed Advisory
- Automated ridesharing
- Parking pricing policies
- Parking space regulations
- Dedicated lanes on urban highways
- Automated urban delivery
- Automated freight consolidation
- Hub-to-hub automated transport
- Truck platooning on urban highway bridges



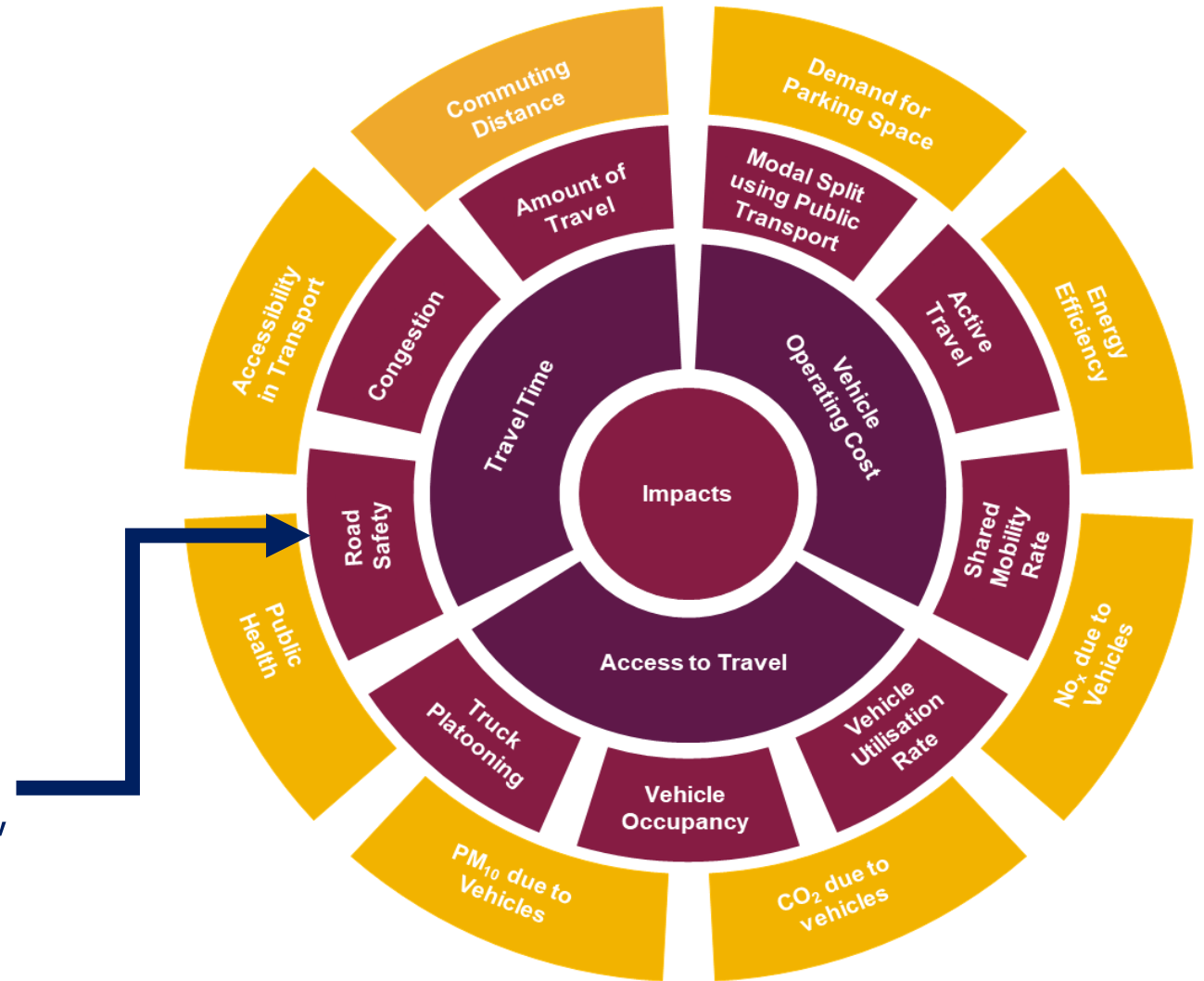


# Dimensions of CCAM impacts

**Twenty distinct impacts** are examined, classified into three distinct categories:

- **Direct impacts (inner circle)**
- **Systemic impacts (middle circle)**
- **Wider impacts (outer circle)**

While **three road safety impacts** are considered: unmotorized VRU crash rates, motorized road crashes and total road safety effect.



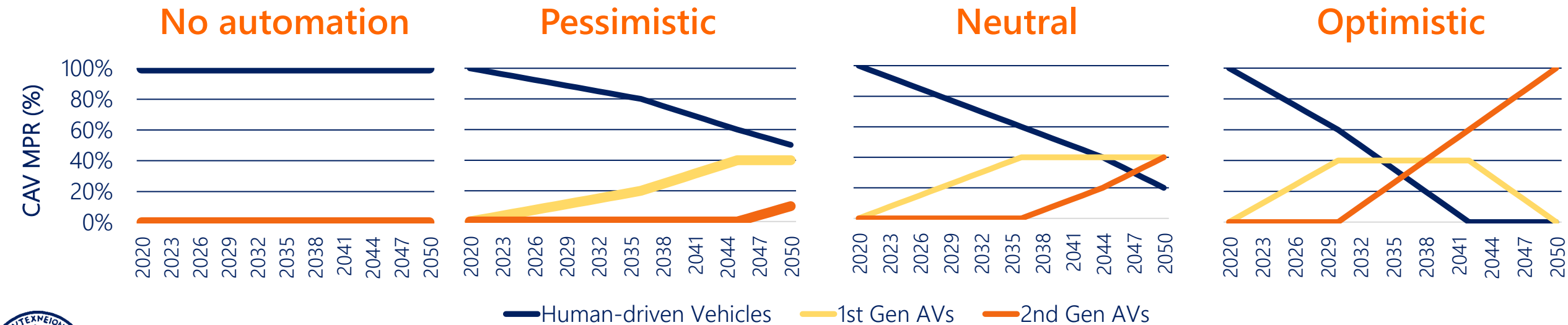


# Base scenarios

Two main driving profiles of connected autonomous vehicles are considered:

- **1st Generation** (limited sensing and cognitive ability, long gaps, early anticipation of lane changes and longer time in give way situations)
- **2nd Generation** (advanced sensing and cognitive ability, data fusion usage, confident in making decisions, small gaps, early anticipation of lane changes and less time in give way situations)

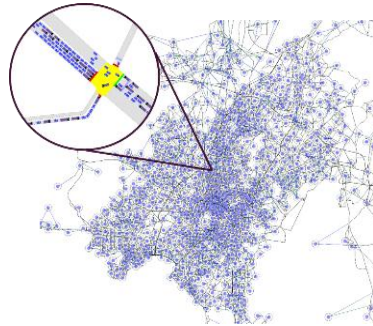
Four predefined base scenarios are also established, concerning the temporal distribution of the market penetration rates (MPRs) of CAVs throughout the study period (from 2020 to 2050):



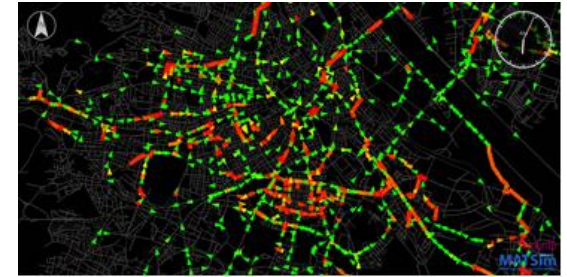
# Impact assessment methodologies

**Five different methods** are used in order to provide and forecast the examined impacts, which are:

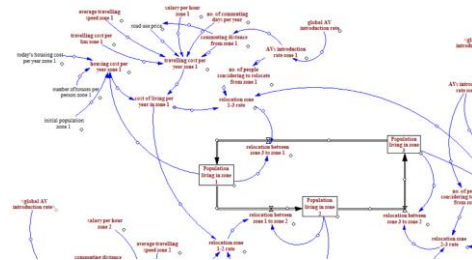
# Microscopic Simulation



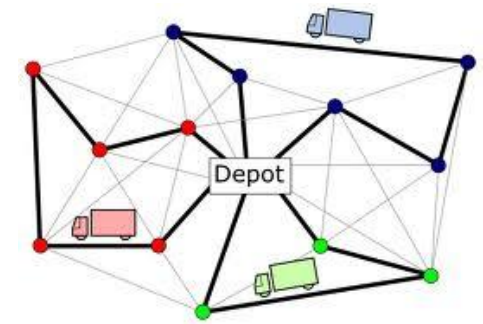
# Mesosopic simulation



# System dynamics



# Operations research



## Delphi method



# Overview of the LEVITATE PST



## Forecasting

The forecasting module provides quantified and/or monetized output on the expected impacts of automation and CCAM related policies, featuring customizability of parameter quantities.



## Backcasting

The backcasting module enables users to identify the sequences of CCAM measures that are expected to result in their desired policy objectives and monetize their implementation.



## Knowledge

The knowledge module contains the repository and recommendations of the LEVITATE project, including documentation of the project toolbox, results of the various methods, relevant literature from CCAM guidelines.





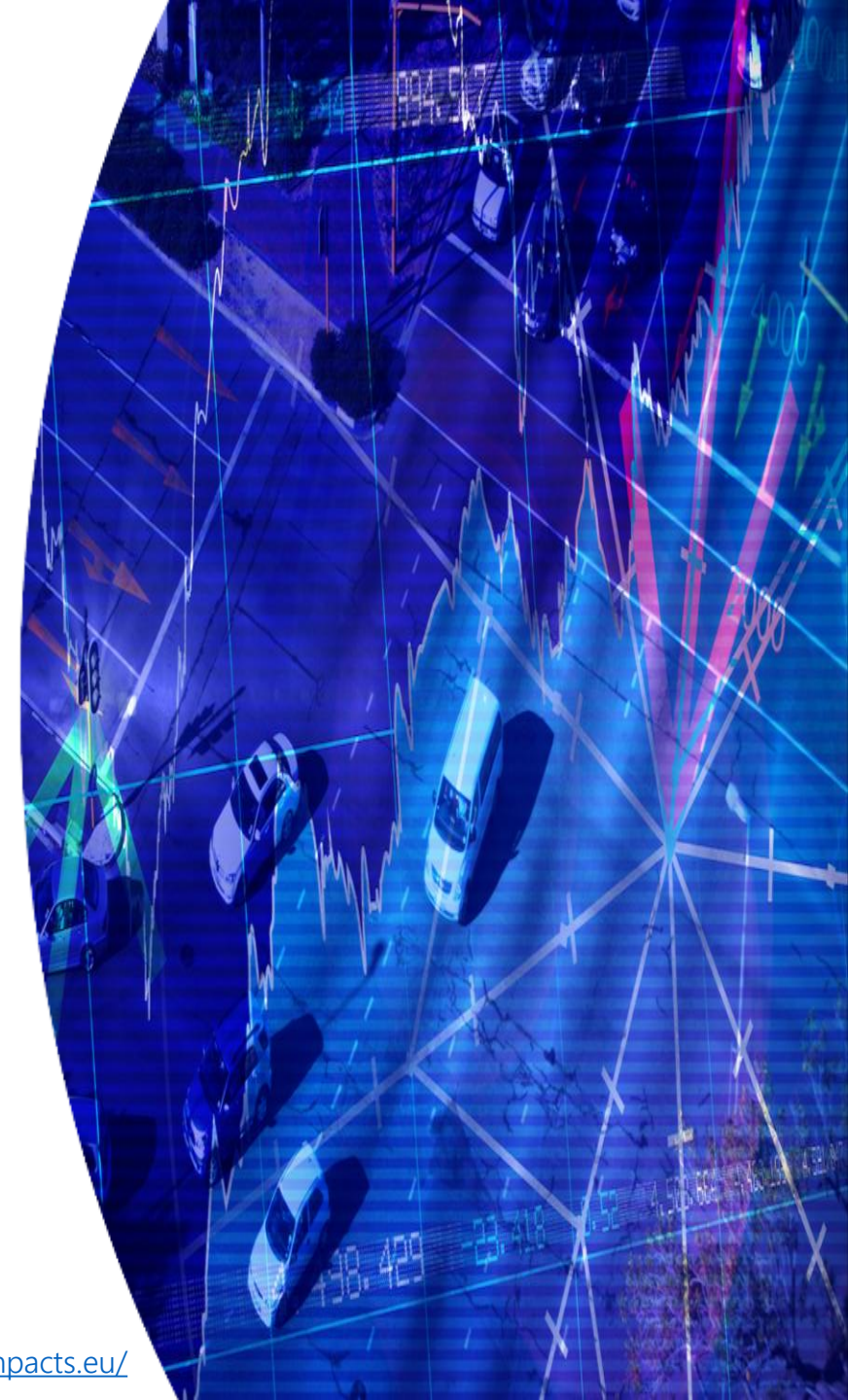
# Forecasting

- The main purpose of the forecasting sub-system is to provide **quantitative estimates** to users about the future impacts of policy interventions.
- In the forecasting sub-system, the user is able to select a **policy intervention**, define the required **CCAM factors** and the module provides quantified and/or monetized output on the expected impacts.
- In the sub-system, the capability of an **intervention combination** is also made based on a methodological basis drawn from the Crash Modification Factor (CMF) approach highlighted in the Highway Safety Manual and the respective CMF clearinghouse repository of the US Federal Highway Administration.



# Backcasting

- The main purpose of the backcasting sub-system is to provide a conclusion from a defined vision (set of policy goals) to **the most promising policy interventions**, given that all these relationships and impacts have been quantitatively assessed.
- A primary goal of the backcasting sub-system is to estimate **the impacts of CCAM** for various impact dimensions.
- Coming from the opposite direction, **a strategic “vision”** of a city/region can also be broken down into quantified targets belonging to various dimensions in the backcasting sub-system.





# Knowledge

- The PST Knowledge module aims to provide a **static repository** through fully detailed and flexible concise reports.
- The **concise reports** aim to inform the user in the most essential and summarizing way, offering the necessary information.
- The reports differ in the **documentation categories** that essentially are the contents of the module:
  - Project-level documentation
  - Use case bibliography documentation
  - SUC-level documentation
  - Method-level documentation
  - Impact-level documentation
  - Case study documentation





# Conclusions

- The LEVITATE/SHOW PST provides the **first openly available web-tool** to effectively support decision making for CCAM in a holistic way, with guidance on both forecasting impacts of policy measures as well as identifying those that are appropriate for achieving specific policy goals.
- The online tool provides the **possibility of interactive use** by comparing different aspects and reducing uncertainty during the decision-making process.
- The system is flexible communication and planning tool, as the user is able to **customize multiple parameters** in order the results to be in-line with the test network or city.

<https://www.ccam-impacts.eu/>



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