











Road safety data and information availability and priorities in South-East European regions

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Background





- Road accidents is a serious problem of the countries of South-East Europe and common action is necessary to improve road safety in this wider part of Europe.
- Generally, the number of road fatalities per million of population in EU countries of the South East regions is higher than the respective EU average.
- The "ROSEE ROad safety in SEE regions" project of the SEE Transnational Cooperation Program covered Italy (IT), Romania (RO), Hungary (HU), Greece (GR), Slovenia (SI) and Bulgaria (BG) and involved representatives from national authorities, universities, NGOs and research centres.













Objective





- The results of a survey conducted among road safety stakeholders in SEE countries, aiming at assessing what they considered to be priorities and necessities in terms of scientific data, information, and tools to conduct their road safety activities are presented.
- More than 110 stakeholders from the six partner countries filled-in a specially developed questionnaire (the STA questionnaire).
- Indicative results on the key examined subjects in all partner countries are presented and compared.





Methodology





STA questionnaire on road safety data and information availability, needs and priorities concerning:

- Data and resources for fact finding and diagnosis of road safety issues
- Data and resources for the development of road safety related programmes
- Data and resources for the **implementation of** road safety related **measures**
- Data and resources for the monitoring and evaluation of road safety measures







Methodology





All items included in the questionnaire had been identified as **important and/or unavailable** by a panel of experts previously interviewed.

The respondents were asked to evaluate each item on two different dimensions:

- (1) the **perceived priority** for their **personal work**, ("High priority", "Medium priority", "Low priority", "Not relevant to my work")
- (1) the **perceived availability** at the **level** of their **country** (i.e. the extent to which, according to their knowledge, the item in question was available would they want to use it). ("Already available", "Partially available", "Currently not available", "Unknown").



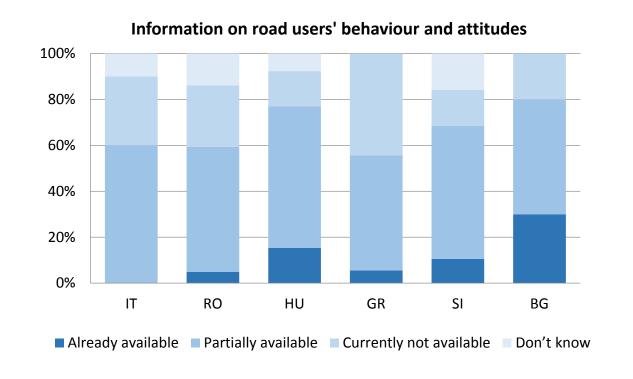


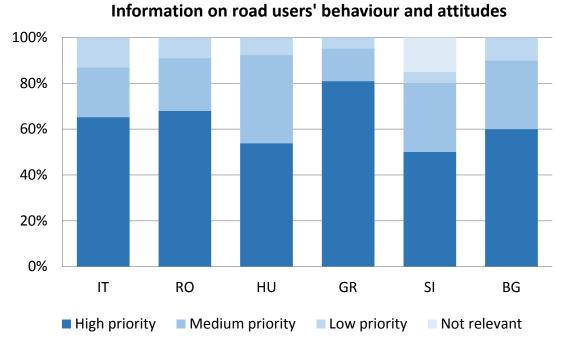


Fact finding and diagnosis of road safety issues ** WCTRS









Road safety stakeholders expressed great need for information on road user's behaviour and attitudes and consider this an issue of high priority.

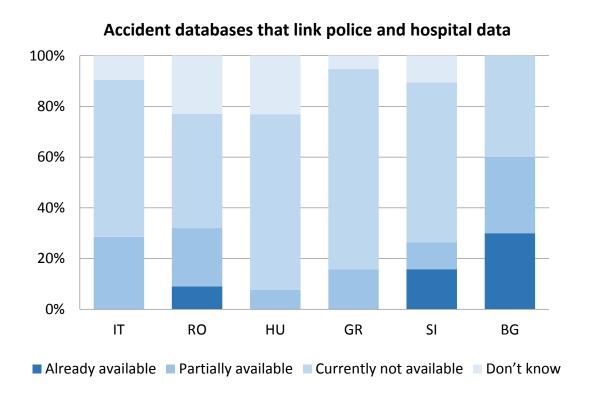


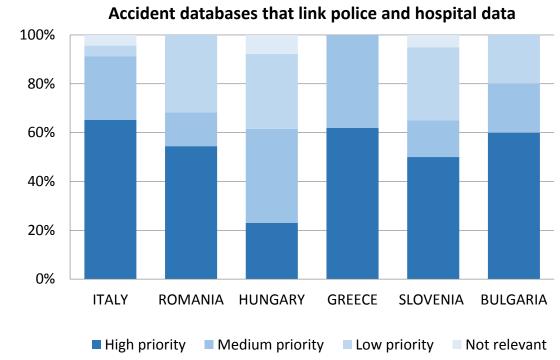


Fact finding and diagnosis of road safety issues ** WCTRS









Availability of accident databases that link police and hospital data is low in most countries.

Road safety stakeholders consider such databases an issue of high priority.

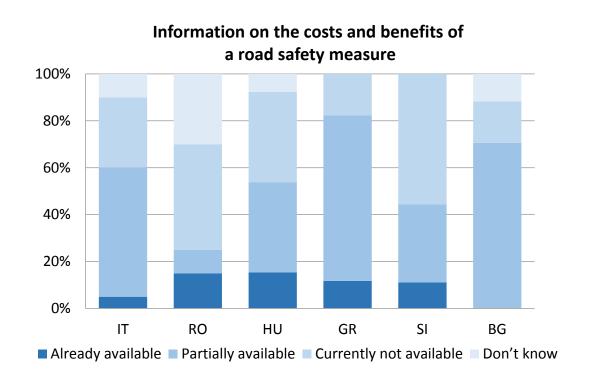


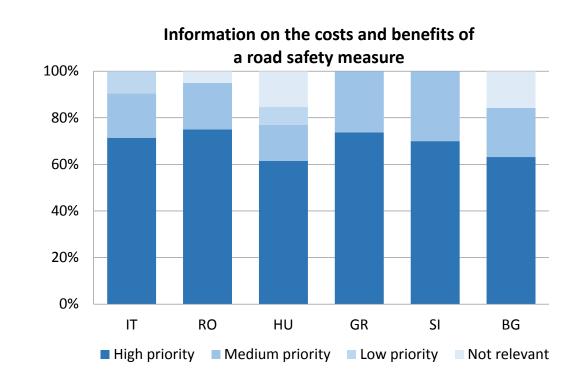


Development of road safety related programmes * wctrs









Information on the costs and benefits of road safety measures is already available to approximately 1 out of 10 stakeholders.

Due to road safety budget limitations in SEE countries, the majority of experts in all countries stated that such information is of high priority.

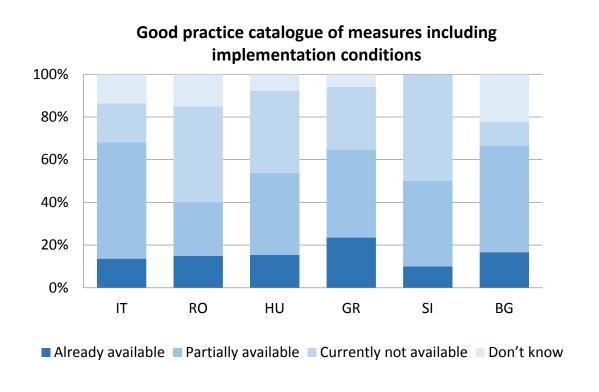


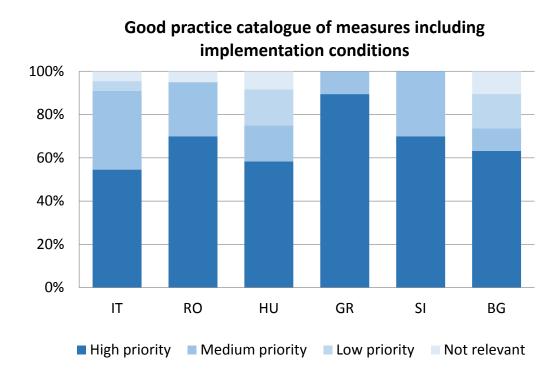


Development of road safety related programmes ** WCTRS









Good practice catalogues of measures including implementation conditions are currently available to only 20% or less of the road safety stakeholders in each country.

More than 50% of the stakeholders in each country consider such catalogues a high priority.

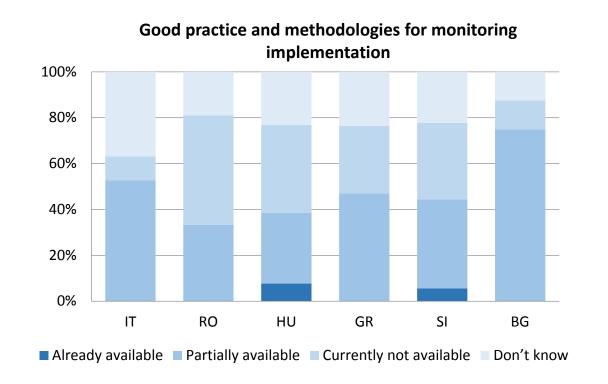


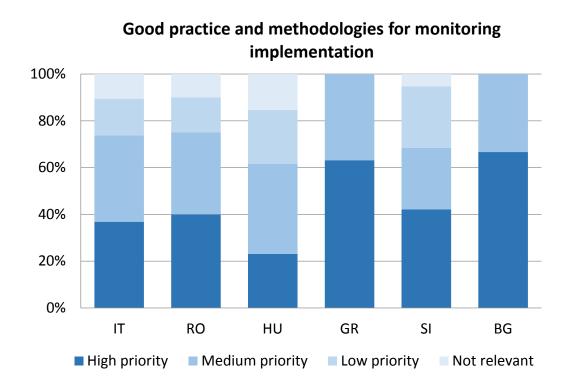


Implementation of road safety related programmes * wctrs









Good practice and methodologies for monitoring implementation are partially or not at all available to the majority of stakeholders in all countries.

Stakeholders from all countries ranked them as a high or medium priority issue.

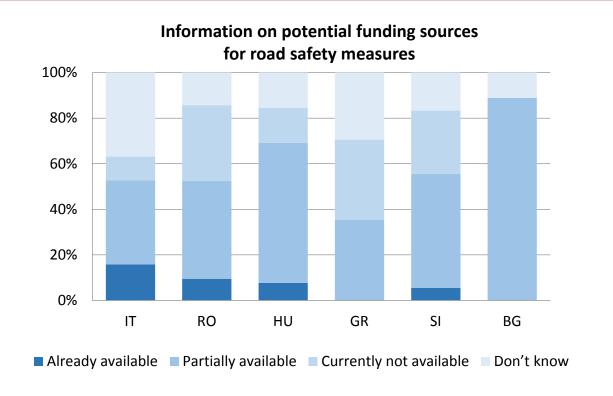


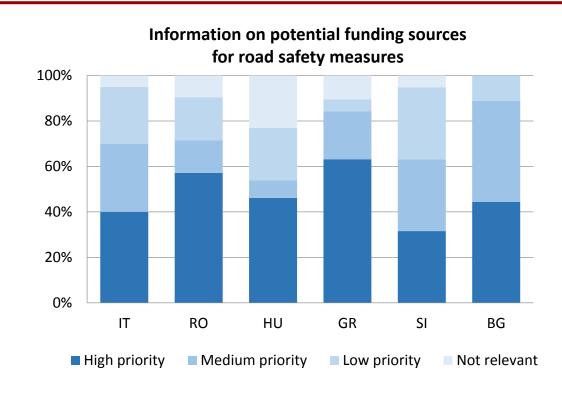


Implementation of road safety related programmes & WCTRS









The availability of information on potential funding sources for road safety measures is low in all the examined countries.

Stakeholders expressed a great interest for such information.

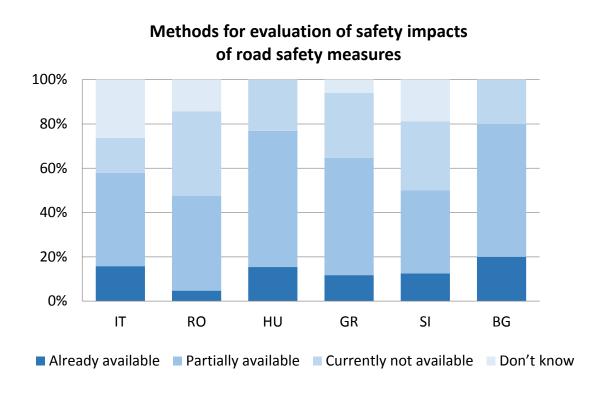


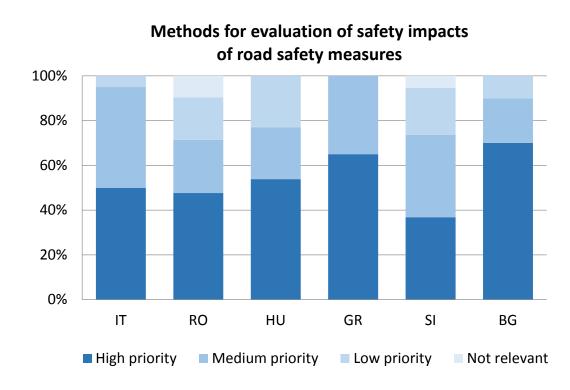


Monitoring and evaluation of road safety measures * wctrs









At the moment specific methods to evaluate the measures and particularly their safety impact are partially available to the majority of stakeholders.

In many cases stakeholders are in need of such methods as shown by the fact that more than 50% of stakeholders in almost all countries gave this issue a high priority.

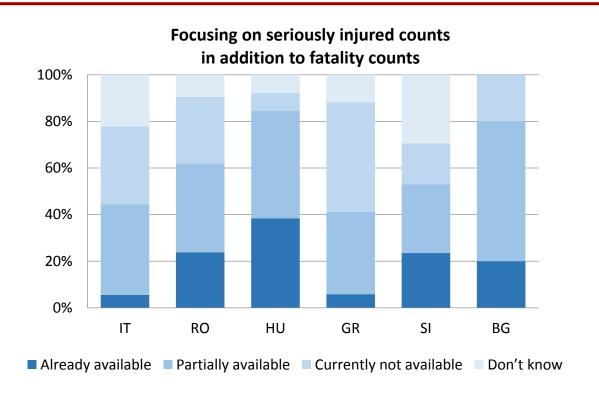


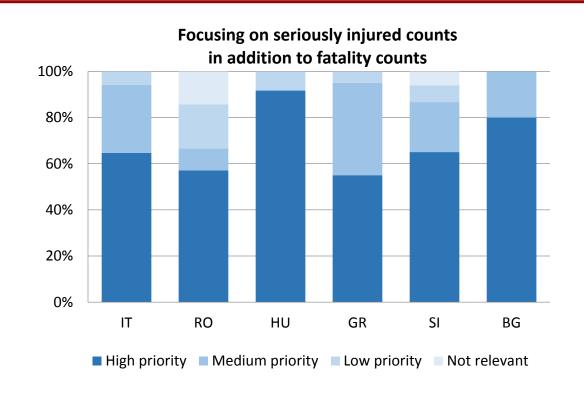


Monitoring and evaluation of road safety measures * wctrs









Worldwide, focus on road injuries in addition to road fatalities is increasing. At the moment, such a focus is relatively high in Hungary and very low in Italy and Greece.

This is also a high priority for more than 50% and up to 90% of the stakeholders.





Total findings per country





- In Italy, among others, a need to increase the technicians' and public administrations' knowledge on road users' attitudes was recorded.
- In Romania, an overall need to further improve data use concerning all aspects of road safety was highlighted.
- In Hungary, a non-negligible lack of road safety data and information availability was recorded.
- In **Greece**, there is significant demand and poor availability of data and knowledge in road safety-related decision making.
- In Slovenia, the main priorities concern the development and implementation of road safety related measures and fact finding and diagnosis of road safety issues.
- In **Bulgaria**, the **lowest availability** of data and information in the examined countries and on almost all the examined subjects was reported.





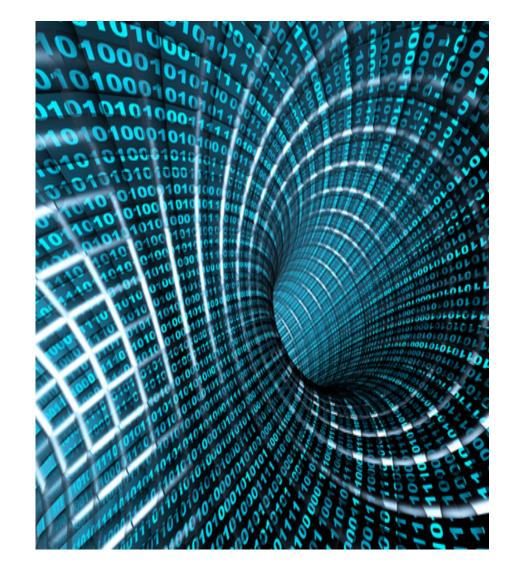


Discussion





- Stakeholders expressed significant demand for data and knowledge that can be used for road safety-related decision making.
- Stakeholders expressed discontent about the current poor availability of such information which makes their work more difficult.
- Stakeholders also seem to be poorly informed about the availability of road safety data and tools in general.
 - In several cases, it was found that they are not even aware of the availability status of items that they consider to be irrelevant to their work.

















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