



National Technical University of Athens
Road Safety Observatory

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**FIFTH UNITED NATIONS GLOBAL ROAD
SAFETY WEEK**

6-12 May 2019



Save Lives

#SpeakUp

Economic analysis of road infrastructure safety projects

– EIB CBA –

Anastasios Dragomanovits

Transportation Engineer, Research Associate

Workshop:

**Digitalisation
and Road Safety
Research**

Friday
17
May
2019
at 14:00

Together with:

Julia Roussou, Dimitrios Nikolaou, George Yannis

The Assignment

➤ Objective:

Develop a methodology for the assessment of the **economic feasibility of road safety schemes**, to be applied in the Greece Road Rehabilitation and Safety Project by Egnatia Odos SA

➤ Duration:

3 months (December 2018 – March 2019)

➤ Carried out for:

European Investment Bank (EIB) / European Investment Advisory Hub (EIAH)

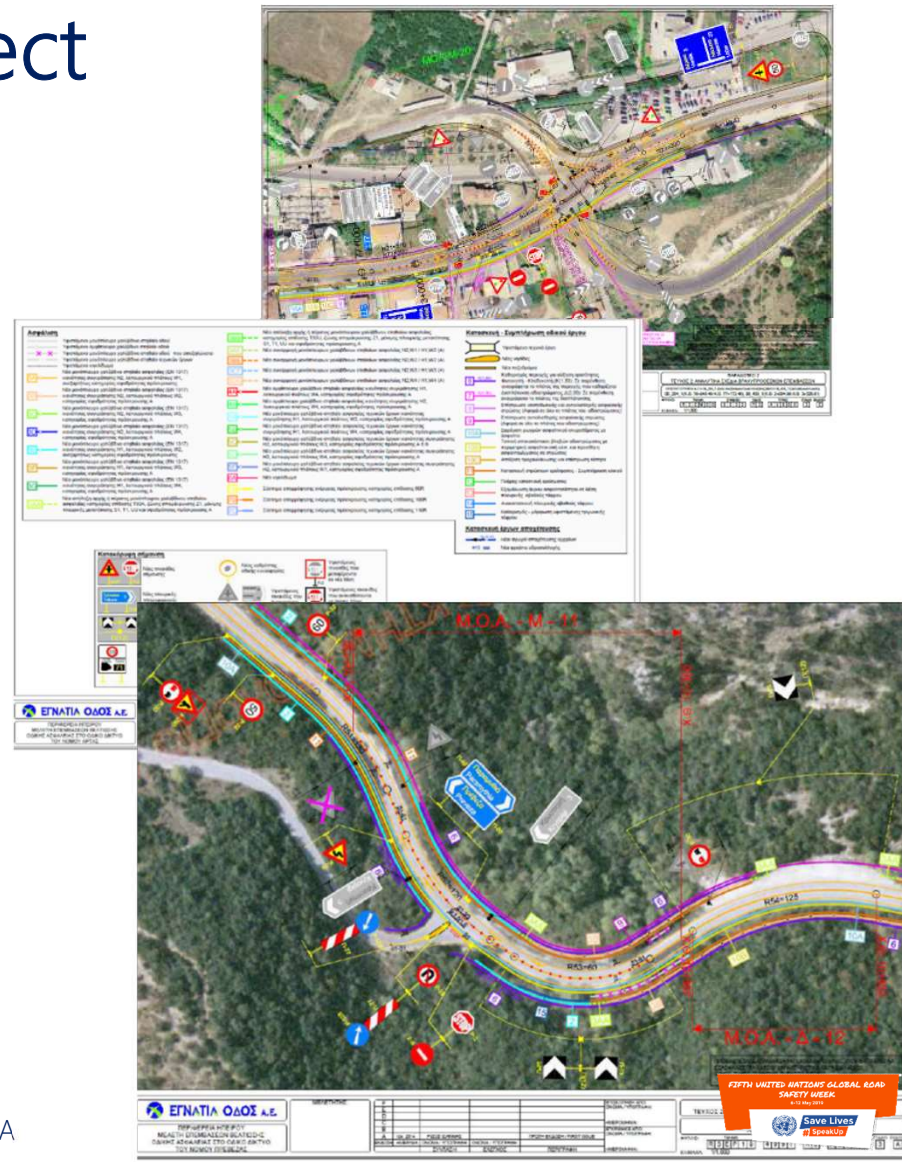
➤ With the cooperation of:

Egnatia Odos S.A.



Egnatia Odos Road Safety Project

- 15.000km of roads outside built-up areas examined, covering the national & regional network of Greece (not including motorways).
- Over 7.000 hazardous locations identified, spread over 2.500 km on 80 roads.
- Hazardous locations categorized as:
 - Proven (HL-PR)
 - Testimony (HL-T)
 - Potential (HL-P)
- 60 Road Safety Interventions Design Studies (RSIS) completed (2012-2015).
- Total project cost estimated at 470m€.



Road Safety Interventions

- Construction of road **markings** (delineation)
- Installation of **traffic signs**, including speed limit signage
- Construction of new **asphalt** pavement
- Construction of **anti-skid** asphalt course
- Installation of roadside **delineator posts**
- Installation of centerline roadway **deflectors**
- Installation of transversal **rumble strips** (for speed reduction at intersection approaches)
- Installation of safety **barriers**
- Installation of side roadway **deflectors**
- Improvement of **roadside** conditions (e.g. reconstruction of shoulders, removal of vegetation, removal of roadside obstacles)
- Installation of road **lighting**



Data sources

➤ Crash data

National Road Accident Database of ELSTAT (2013 – 2017), maintained by NTUA

➤ Traffic data

Local traffic counts in Imathia and Viotia, combined with AADT estimations from the National Traffic Model for Greece, by the Ministry of Infrastructure & Transport

➤ Road geometry and existing equipment

RSIS of Egnatia Odos S.A., complemented by data collected during site inspections

➤ Suggested interventions

RSIS of Egnatia Odos S.A.



Pilot site inspections

- **103 sites inspected** (out of 255)
61 in **Viotia** and 42 in **Imathia**: representative of all site categories
- **General findings:**
 - Selection of hazardous sites is appropriate.
 - Suggested road safety interventions are generally appropriate. Minor updates required.
 - Suggested measures are indeed road safety improvements, with only very few exceptions of maintenance activities.
- **Specific findings:**
 - 27 of 126 schemes in Imathia inside built-up areas, in contrast to project guidelines. These were excluded from the analysis.
 - New asphalt course already constructed in 9 sites
 - Minor improvements required in suggested signage and road restraint systems in a few sites.



Accident Prediction Models (APM)

- Based on the **HSM predictive method** (AASHTO, 2010), calibrated for Viotia and Imathia sites using local crash data.

- Separate APMs for **roadway segments**:

$$N_{spf} = (AADT) \times (L) \times (365) \times (10^{-6}) \times e^{(-0,312)}$$

and **intersections**:

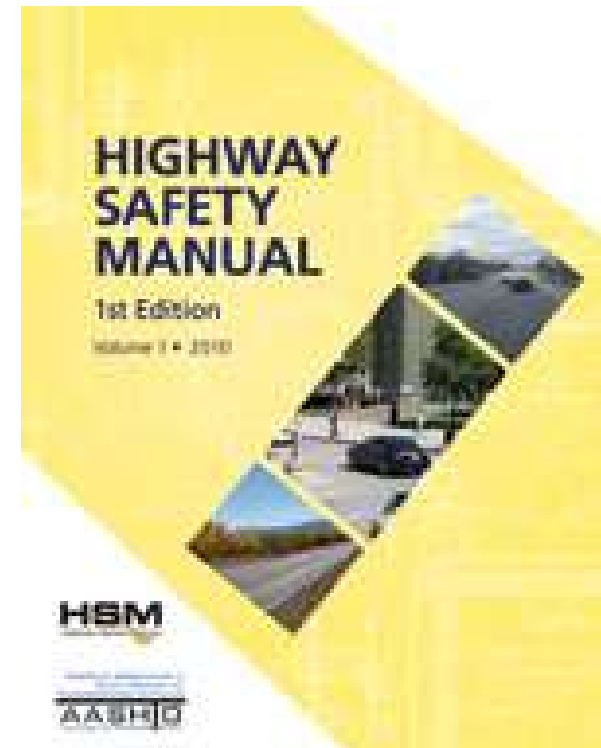
Three-leg intersections with minor-road stop control:

$$N_{spf} = \exp [-9,86 + 0,79 \times \ln(AADT_{maj}) + 0,49 \times \ln(AADT_{min})]$$

Four-leg intersections with minor-road stop control:

$$N_{spf} = \exp [-8,56 + 0,60 \times \ln(AADT_{maj}) + 0,61 \times \ln(AADT_{min})]$$

- **Crash Modification Factors** (CMFs) used to account for differences between the base conditions of the model and local conditions of each examined site.



**Safety performance function
(full APM)**

SPF (base APM) x CMFs x C



Accident Prediction Models

➤ Step 1

APMs applied to predict accidents for each hazardous location for base year.

➤ Step 2

Prediction results compared to actual police recorded accidents for model calibration

➤ Step 3

Calibrated APMs used to estimate the number of accidents without the project ("Business-As-Usual" scenario).

➤ Step 4

Calibrated APMs used to estimate the number of accidents with the project.

➤ Step 5

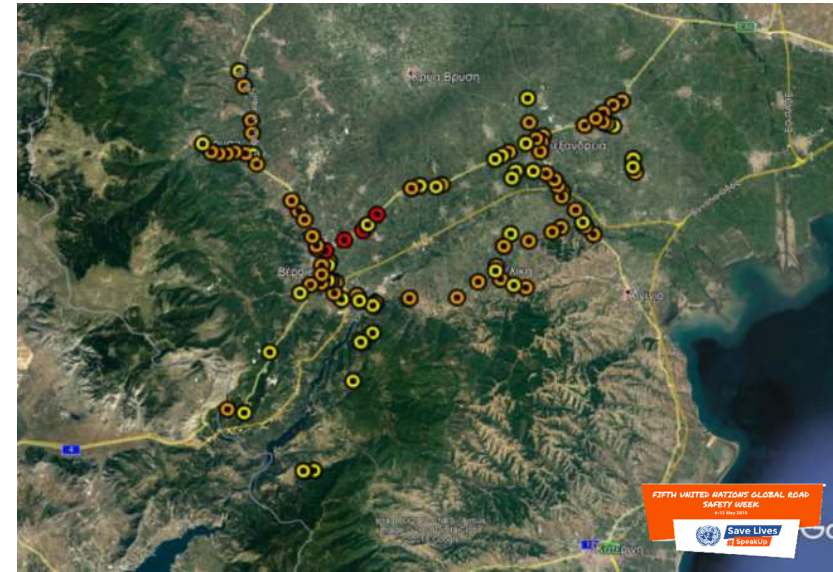
The difference between step 4 and step 3 number of accidents represents the **road safety benefit** of the examined interventions.

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Results

- Approximately **40% reduction** in injury accidents
- Casualty reductions, from 2017 to 2035 in Viotia and Imathia (as a total) – depending on scenario:
 - approximately **21 fatalities**
 - approximately **25 serious injuries**
 - approximately **139 slight injuries**
- **Economic Rate of Return (ERR)** – depending on scenario:
 - Viotia: 20% to 27%
 - Imathia: 13% to 19%
 - Whole Project (preliminary estimation): 12% to 19%



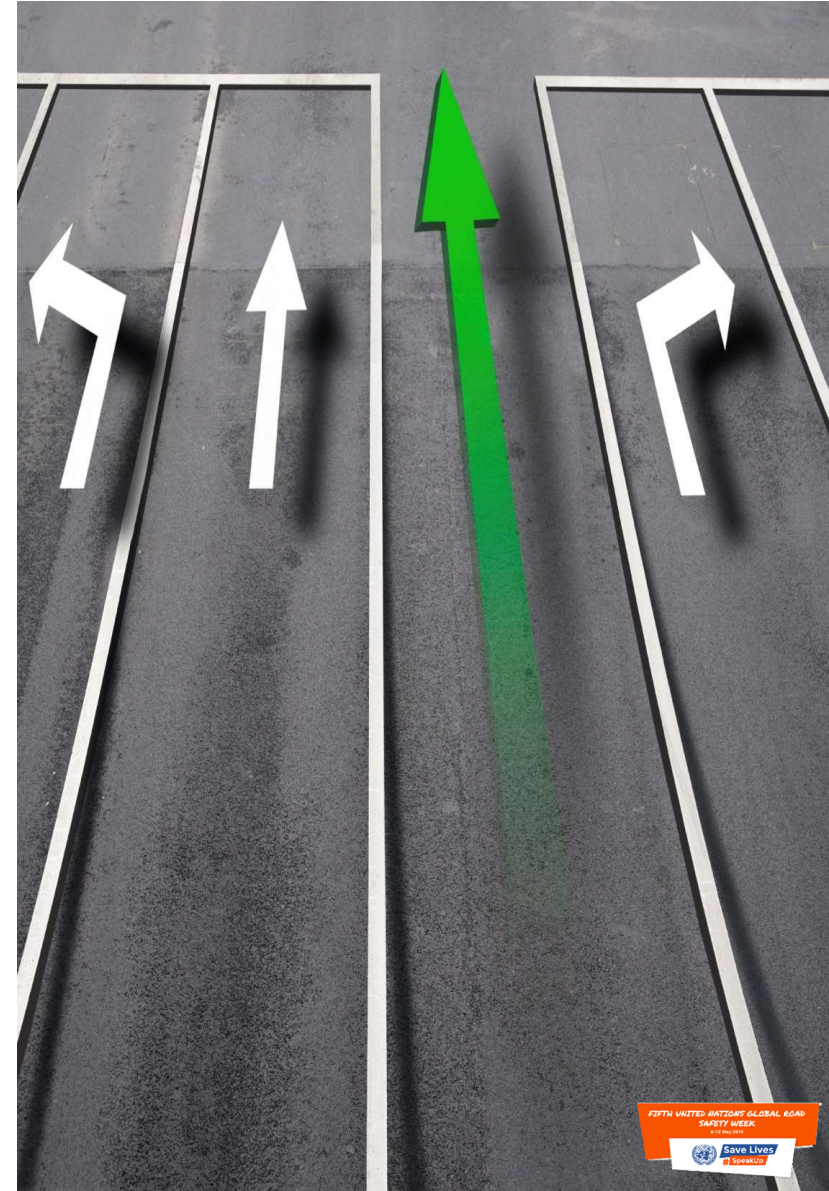
Scientific and Social Impact

- The methodology can be effectively utilized for the economic evaluation of road safety schemes even with **limited data availability**.
- It has been demonstrated that road infrastructure safety projects exhibit **very high ERR**, due to the low construction costs combined with the high valuation of road safety benefits (2,15M€ per fatality).
- Therefore, targeted low cost safety interventions in hazardous locations are a **particularly cost effective measure** for road safety improvement.



Future Challenges

- Road Authorities and Operators should be encouraged to use **APMs as a decision making tool**, to quantitatively justify road safety funds.
- The availability of **high quality data** (crash, traffic & road infrastructure) can further improve the **reliability and accuracy** of economic assessment tools.
- Effective identification of hazardous locations and selection of appropriate treatments requires a combination of **quantitative tools** and **solid engineering judgment**.





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