

National Technical University of Athens Road Safety Observatory **WWW.Nrso.ntua.gr** FIFTH UNITED NATIONS GLOBAL ROAD SAFETY WEEK 6-12 May 2019



Monitoring road safety culture - SafeCulture –

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Together with: George Yannis

Workshop:

Digitalisation and Road Safety Research



The SafeCulture project

- > Project partners:
 - National Technical University of Athens, Department of Transportation Planning and Engineering <u>www.nrso.ntua.gr</u>
 - Institute of Transport Economics
 <u>www.toi.no</u>
- > Duration of the project:
 - 36 months (January 2016 December 2018)
- > Operational Program:
 - "Transport 2025" of the Norwegian Research Council









Background

The concept of safety culture is applied to an increasing range of sectors, including professional and private transport.

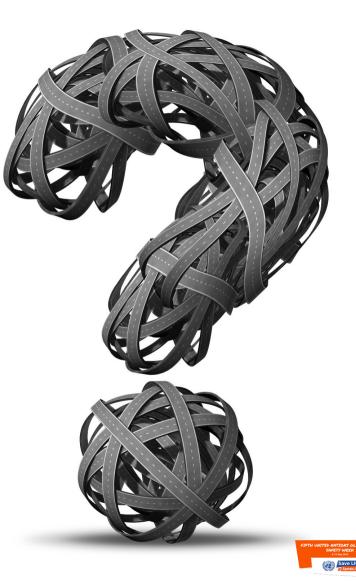
- Safety culture explains considerable variation in safety behaviour in various transport forms.
- Transport safety culture (TSC) is defined as: "shared norms prescribing certain transport safety behaviours, shared expectations regarding the behaviours of others and shared values signifying what's important (e.g. safety, mobility, respect, politeness)".





Research Questions

- How much does membership in different sociocultural units (e.g. nation, region, peer-group sector, organizations) influence individual transpo safety behaviour in professional and private transport?
- How much does TSC influence safety behaviour a outcomes relative to known risk factors like gende age, experience, technology and infrastructure?
- How can the knowledge on group membership influencing TSC and the relative importance of TS as a predictor of transport safety behaviour and safety outcomes be used to increase transport safety?

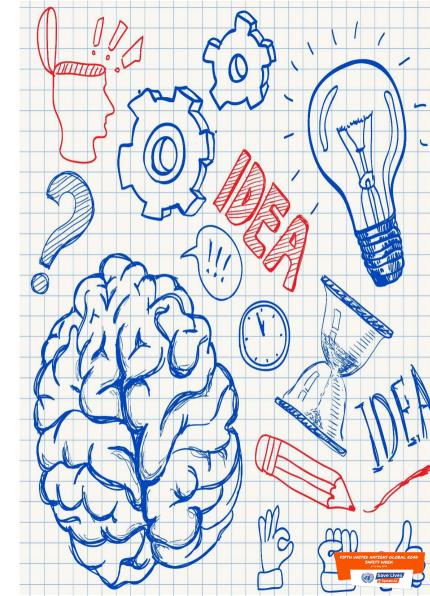




Methodological Challenges

- Development of interview guides and survey questionnaires
 - International literature review on driver behavior questionnaire surveys
 - Adaptation requirements for recording behaviour of different road user groups in Greece and Norway
- Structured interviews with 20 professional and 30 private drivers and Behaviour survey among 200 professional and 300 private drivers
 - Different types of drivers (HGV, bus, car, PTW) in Greece and Norway
- Statistical analyses

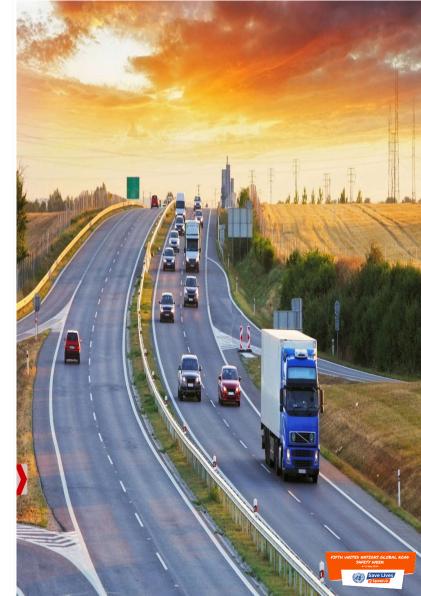




Indicative Findings

- Traffic safety behaviours are more similar among private and professional drivers within the national samples, than among drivers across the national samples. This indicates the existence of different national TSC.
- A positive organizational TSC may reduce aggressive violations in traffic.
- Organisational TSC may reduce the impact of national TSC.
- Aggressive violations in traffic are predicted by national TSC.
- Accident involvement is predicted by aggressive violations.





Scientific and Social Impact

- Importance of recording behaviour similarities within road user groups
 - national, regional, organizational, sectorial, peer-group traffic safety culture
- Quantification of traffic safety culture
 - Selection of appropriate measures for each group of road users
 - Improvement of traffic safety culture and respective safety outcomes





Future Challenges

- Quantitative research to better understand the importance of transport safety culture in transport safety behaviour and safety outcomes.
- Linking quantified metrics of TSC with road safety metrics (performance indicators and outcomes) to possibly reveal important hidden parameters influencing road safety.
- Study of large driver samples and different nationalities in order to identify links between road safety and organizational and tourist safety culture across Europe.









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