



## A Modern Strategic Plan

The Ministry of Infrastructure and Transport developed the National Road Safety Strategic Plan for the period 2021-2030, under the coordination of the Directorate of Road Traffic and Safety and with the scientific support of the Department of Transportation Planning and Engineering of the National Technical University of Athens.

- The National Strategic Plan concerns the definition, implementation and monitoring of the **necessary actions** to drastically reduce the number of persons killed and injured in road crashes.
- The development of the National Road Safety Strategic Plan was based on existing international experience, the detailed analysis of the Greek potential as well as on the systematic open consultation.

The present Report is a summary of all key components of the detailed Strategic Plan.

# National Road Safety Strategic Plan Greece 2030

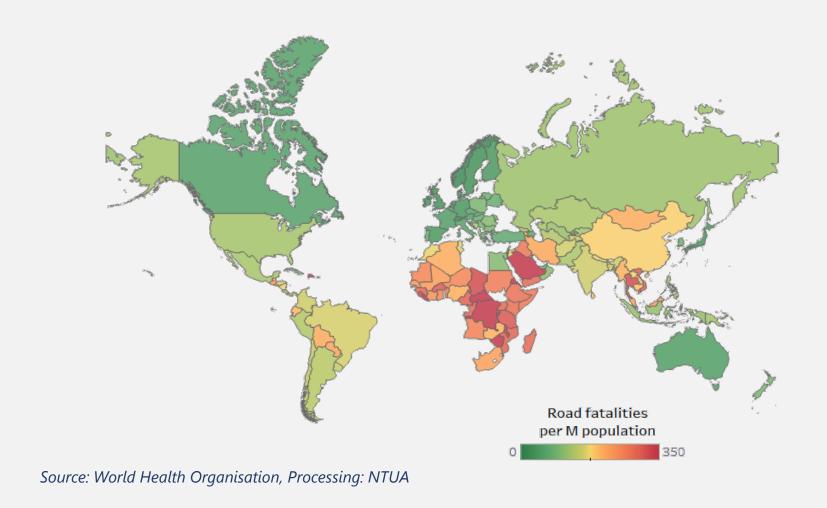


#### **Contents**

- International Trends in Road Safety
- Current Road Safety Situation in Greece
- Vision and Targets
- Strategic Plan Implementation **Structure**
- Road Safety Actions and Measures
- Key Priority Actions
- Systematic **Monitoring** of Actions and Performance
- Innovative Road Safety Technologies



#### **Road Fatalities Globally**



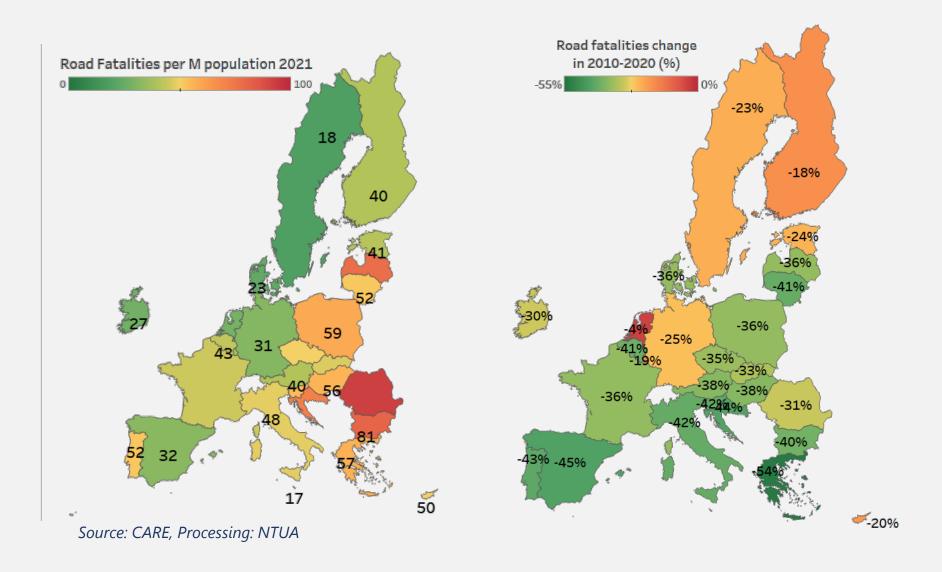
**1.35 million** people are killed every year on road crashes worldwide.

Road crash injuries are the **8th leading cause of death** across all age groups globally, while for young people aged 5-29, they are the 1st leading cause of death.

**Europe** presents the best road safety performance compared to the other continents.

The risk of fatal injury in a road crash is **three times higher** in low-income countries compared to high-income countries.

#### **European Union Road Safety Targets**



In 2010, the European Commission adopted the "Road Safety Program", which aimed to reduce road fatalities **by 50%** in the period 2010-2020.

Despite the significant reduction recorded (36%), the EU decade target was not achieved.

**Greece** was the only country that achieved the 2010-2020 target with 54% reduction in road fatalities.

In 2021, Greece was ranked 22nd among the EU countries with a performance of **57 road fatalities per million inhabitants.** 



## Fatalities by Road Crash Type – Ranking of the European Union Member States, 2019





Date: October 2021, Sources: CARE, Processing: NTUA 2019 data for all EU countries except for Malta (2018) and Ireland (2016)

https://www.nrso.ntua.gr/nrso-ec2/



# Road Safety Policy Directions Globally



- Safe System Approach
   The responsibility is shared between the Authorities and the citizens
- Vision Zero Fatalities in Road Crashes by 2050
- Decade of Action for Road Safety 2021-2030
   United Nations Global Plan
- United Nations Sustainable Development Goals
   Targets 3.6 and 11.2 for road safety
- Stockholm Declaration February 2020
   Principles and directions for the decade 2021-2030
- Speed limit 30 km/h within residential areas



# Road Safety Policies in European Union

- Strategic Action Plan on Road Safety May 2018
- Targets and Road Safety Performance Indicators May 2018
- Regulation for the New Vehicle Safety Characteristics November 2019
- Cooperative Intelligent Transport Systems' Policy March 2019
- Sustainable Mobility Policy December 2020
- European Green Deal July 2021

# Strategic Action Plan on Road Safety – European Union 2021-2030



- Enhance road safety governance
- Stronger financial support for road safety
- Safe roads and roadsides
- Safe vehicles
- Safe road use
- Fast and effective emergency response
- Future-proofing road safety **automation**
- The EU's **global role**: exporting road safety



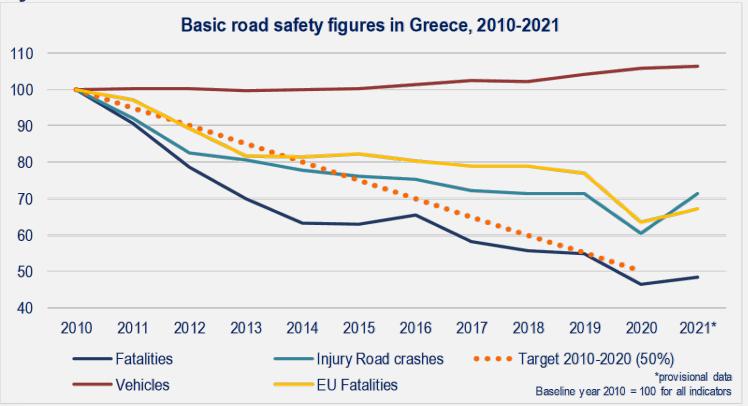




## Constant Road Safety Improvement in Greece

During the last decade (2010-2020), Greece presented the most significant road safety improvement among the EU countries, with a **54% reduction in the number of fatalities in road crashes**, achieving the target of road fatalities' reduction by 50%.

Moreover, a **39% reduction in road crashes** and a 72% reduction in serious injuries were recorded.



The **Regions** with the lowest road safety performance are the South and North Aegean (motorcycles) and the Peloponnese (passenger cars' speed), while those with the best performance are Attica, Thessaly and Central Macedonia.

### Fatalities by Road Crash Type – Ranking of the Greek Regions, 2019

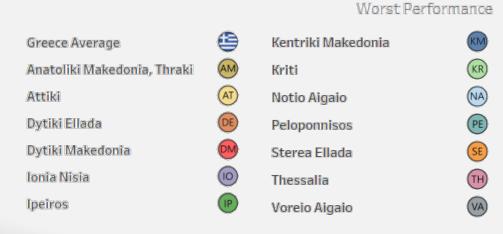
Fatalities per 100k population: All Regions



Best Performance

Date: November 2021, Sources: ELSTAT, Processing: NTUA

2019 data for all Greek Regions



https://www.nrso.ntua.gr/nrso-gc12/





# Key Causes: Speeding and Motorcycles

The comparison of Greek and European Union road crash statistics reveals the **most** significant road safety problems in Greece.

One of them is the particularly high rate of **powered two-wheeler** (motorcycles and mopeds) riders' fatalities (36%), which is twice as high as the respective EU average (18%).

Greece also presents one of the highest rates (54%) of road fatalities **inside built-up areas** (EU average: 39%), mainly due to motorcycle road crashes.

41% of total road fatalities concerned **single-vehicle road crashes** (EU average 31%), mainly due to inappropriate high vehicle speeds.

64% of road fatalities corresponds to **male drivers** (EU average: 55%), mainly due to their higher traffic but also their more risky behaviour.

#### **Trends of Key Crash Causes**

In comparison with the overall road fatalities' reduction (-45%) during the decade 2010-2019, the following were observed:

- significant reduction in the number of road fatalities in passenger cars, heavy goods vehicles, vehicle occupants and children (0-14 years old)
- limited reduction in the number of pedestrians, cyclists and older drivers (aged 65+) fatalities

		Greece		<b>EU27</b>
	2019	2010-2019 (%)	2019 (%)	2019 (%)
Total fatalities	688	-45%	100%	100%
Drivers	470	-44%	68%	65%
Passengers	73	-70%	11%	15%
Pedestrians	145	-19%	21%	20%
Inside built-up areas	370	-38%	54%	39%
Outside built-up areas	318	-52%	46%	61%
On motorways	50	-43%	7%	9%
Passenger Cars	202	-63%	29%	44%
Motorcycles/Mopeds	247	-55%	36%	18%
Bicycles	22	-4%	3%	9%
Young drivers (18-24)	61	-54%	9%	8%
Older drivers (65+)	99	-24%	14%	15%
Children (0-14)	12	-60%	2%	2%
Male drivers	441	-43%	64%	55%
Female drivers	29	-52%	4%	8%
In crashes with Heavy Goods Vehicles	40	-61%	6%	13%
Drivers/Passengers in single-vehicle crash	280	-44%	41%	31%

Source: CARE, ELSTAT, Processing: D.T.P.E.. / NTUA.





### Key Causes: non use of seat belt and helmet

79% (438 out of 557) of the killed drivers in passenger cars **did not wear a seatbelt or it was not recorded**, while 21% (119 out of 557) of killed drivers in passenger cars wore a seatbelt.

69% (460 out of 662) of the killed motorcycle and moped front riders **did not wear a helmet or it was not recorded**, while 31% (202 out of 662) of the killed motorcycle and moped front riders wore a helmet.

**Similar behaviour** to that of the killed drivers/front riders was also observed for killed passengers in both passenger cars and power two wheelers.

In addition, 55% (418 out of 754) of killed passenger car occupants and 43% (306 out of 712) of killed motorcyclists and moped riders were recorded in single-vehicle road crashes, mainly due to inappropriate high speeds.

Reference period 2017-1019

## Key Causes: non use of seat belt and helmet

	Killed Passenger Car Occupants			Killed Motorcyclists and Moped Ride		Riders	
	Seatbelt use	Non seatbelt use/ Not recorded	Total		Helmet use	Non helmet use/ Not recorded	Total
	Drivers/Riders						
2017	40	167	207		62	166	228
2018	34	156	190		59	143	202
2019	45	115	160		81	151	232
Total	119	438	557		202	460	662
(%)	21%	79%	100%		31%	69%	100%
		P	assengers/E	3a	ck riders		
2017	14	64	78		5	15	20
2018	13	64	77		3	12	15
2019	8	34	42		3	12	15
Total	35	162	197		11	39	50
(%)	18%	82%	100%		22%	78%	100%

	Killed Passenger Car Occupants				
	In single-vehicle road crashes	Total	%		
2017	163	285	57%		
2018	130	267	49%		
2019	125	202	62%		
Total	418	754	55%		

Killed Motorcyclists and Moped Riders					
In single-vehicle road crashes	l lotal				
90	248	36%			
105	217	48%			
111	247	45%			
306	712	43%			

Source: ELSTAT, Processing: D.T.P.E. / NTUA





# Critical Road Crash Factors in Greece

The most **critical factors** (in order of importance) contributing to the occurrence and severity of road crashes in Greece concern:

- driving at high speeds
- high traffic and high risk behaviour of motorcyclists
- low seatbelt and helmet use rates
- mobile phone use while driving
- driving under the influence of alcohol

### Key Institutional Issues

Imperfections in the organisation and staffing of Public Administration lead to the inability of effective implementation of road safety actions.



The lack of organised structures of the State with sole responsibility on road safety and the non-accountability of the Authorities for the implementation of their actions lead to limited results.

The **non-operation of a central road safety agency** with specific responsibilities, coordination powers and substantial responsibility for the implementation of road safety actions.

The **insufficient funding** for road safety, which is often depleted rapidly without any real effect.

The inability to understand that **road safety is a multi-disciplinary science** and that proper and continuous research and documentation of all types of decisions is required using adequate and reliable data.

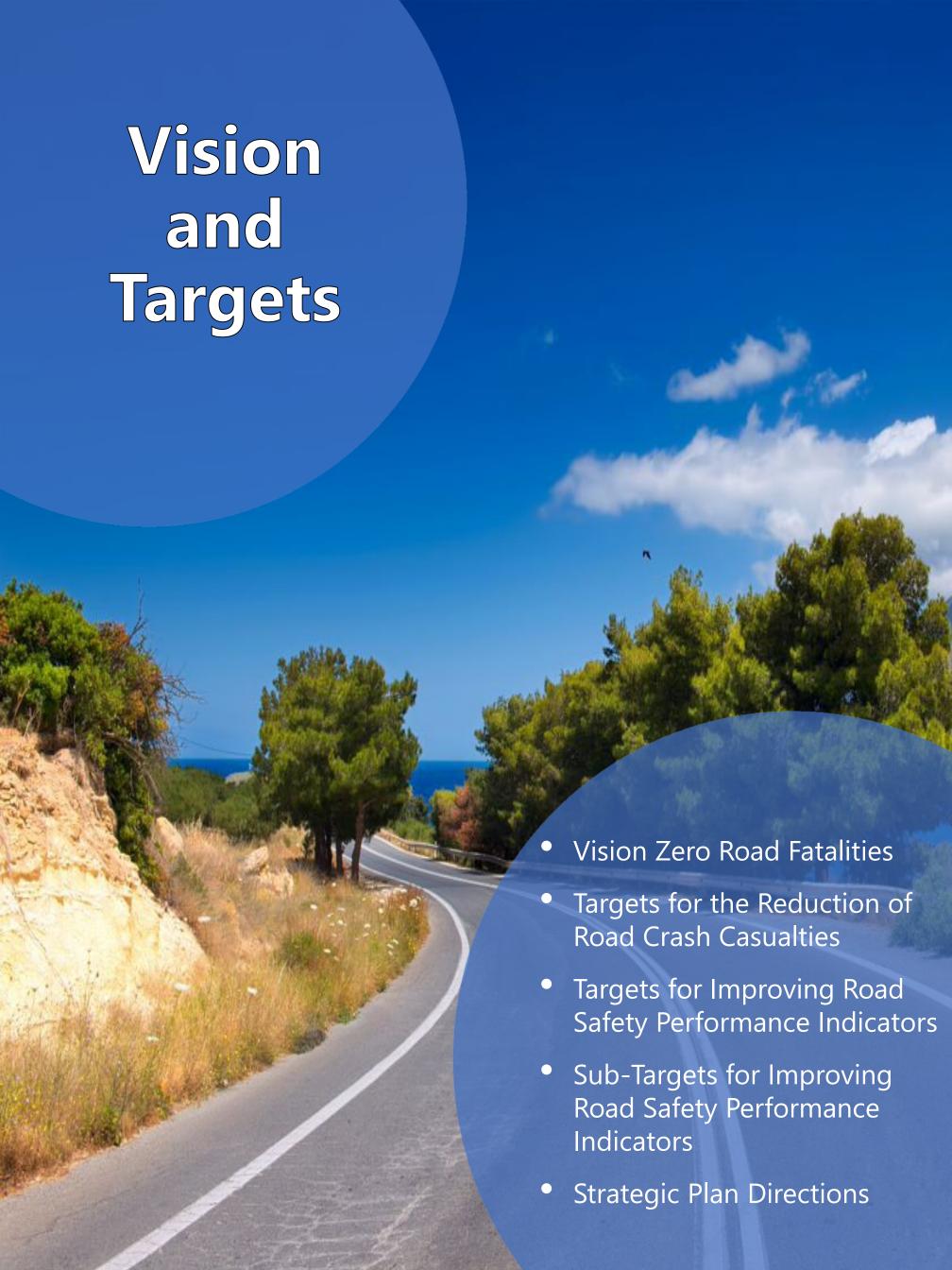
### **SWOT Analysis**

STRENGTHS	Pillar
Improved driver behaviour due to economic crisis	Behaviour
Information and awareness actions by NGOs	Behaviour
Improved main interurban road network	Infrastructure
Safer new vehicles	Vehicle
Significant scientific potential	Management
New National Strategic Plan	Management

WEAKNESSES	Pillar
Extensive delinquency in road traffic	Behaviour
High number of motorcyclists	Behaviour
Absence of road network maintenance	Infrastructure
Insufficient infrastructure for pedestrians/cyclists/e-scooters in cities	Infrastructure
Inefficient management of road infrastructure safety	Infrastructure
Aging vehicle fleet	Vehicle
Understaffed Technical Services	Management
Lack of accountability	Management

OPPORTUNITIES	Pillar
Economic growth leads to a better	Behaviour
road safety culture	Bonavioai
Climate change actions favor	Behaviour -
road safety	Infrastructure
Innovative technologies for the	Behaviour -
support of vehicles and drivers	Vehicle
More resources for road infrastructure	Infrastructure
Increasing number of new safer	Vehicle
vehicles	VOITIOIO
Significant European funds	Management
Digital organization of Public	Management
Administration	ivianagement
Road Safety Law, Budget and	Management
Observatory	Management

THREATS	Pillar
Lack of funds and resources for road safety	Management
Absence of actions' monitoring	Management
Insufficient staffing and organisation of Authorities	Management





## Vision Zero Road Fatalities

Key pillars for the development of the Vision and the main directions of the Road Safety Strategic Plan are two main international road safety policy directions:

- the Vision "Zero Fatalities in Road Crashes" and
- the Safe System Approach.
- With the new Road Safety Strategic Plan, Greece adopts the "Vision Zero Fatalities in Road Crashes", setting the long-term target to eliminate road fatalities by 2050.

According to the Safe System Approach:

- All transport system components, from the design to the operation of the road network, act in a complementary way to avoid possible serious or fatal injury.
- All parties involved (Authorities road users) have a shared responsibility to provide a safe road environment, with important part of the responsibility shifting to those who design and manage the road transport system.

### Targets for the Reduction of Road Crash Casualties

Based on the analysis of the current road safety situation in Greece and in alignment with the European road safety targets, **eight quantitative targets** were set for the reduction of casualties in road crashes for the decade 2021-2030.

	Target			Target (% reduction)			Lives to be saved (annually)	
	Baseline year 2019	2025	2030	Baseline year 2019	2025	2030	2025	2030
1. Fatalities	688	482	344	-	30%	50%	206	344
2. Killed Motorcyclists	247	148	84	-	40%	66%	99	163
3. Cities with zero fatalities*	9	40	49	-	1	-	85	105
4. Killed on motorways	50	10	0	-	80%	100%	40	50
5. Killed on Greek islands	124	74	<b>50</b>	-	40%	60%	50	74
6. Killed in single-vehicle crashes	280	152	95	51%**	40%**	35%**	128	185
7. Road safety performance (fatality/population rate below EU average)	688	482***	344***	21 <sup>st</sup> position	16 <sup>th</sup> position	13 <sup>th</sup> position	206***	344***
8. Serious injuries	652	456	326	-	30%	50%	196****	326****

<sup>\*</sup> Cities with population between 50,000 and 100,000 inhabitants

<sup>\*\*</sup> Percentage of killed persons in single vehicle crashes in total number of killed occupants (drivers and passengers)

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> The estimation of the figures is based on population projections for Greece from the World Bank and the assumption that the same declining trend of road fatalities per population with that of the decade 2021-2030 remains for all EU countries, while Greece achieves the target of halving road fatalities in 2030

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Seriously Injured road users to be saved (annually)

## Targets for Improving Road Safety Performance Indicators

Additional targets have been set for **eight road safety Key Performance Indicators** - KPIs (defined by the EU), which are directly linked to the prevention of fatalities in road crashes, in order to emphasize on the intervention strategy and the achievement of the results

Key Performance Indicators	Baseline year 2019	Target 2025	Target 2030
1. Speeding	40%	<25%	<20%
2. Seat-belt use	70%	>85%	>95%
3. Helmet use	70%	>85%	>95%
4. Driving under the influence of alcohol	-	-30%*	-50%*
5. Mobile phone use	10%	<5%	<2%
6. Percentage of new passenger cars with 5 Euro NCAP stars	50%	70%	>99%
7. Percentage of TEN-T network (≥3 stars i-RAP/EC)	50%**	65%	80%
8. Emergency response time	-	-20%*	-35%*

<sup>\*</sup> Percentage reduction compared to the baseline year



<sup>\*\*</sup>Estimation to be confirmed after the relevant Network-wide road safety assessment

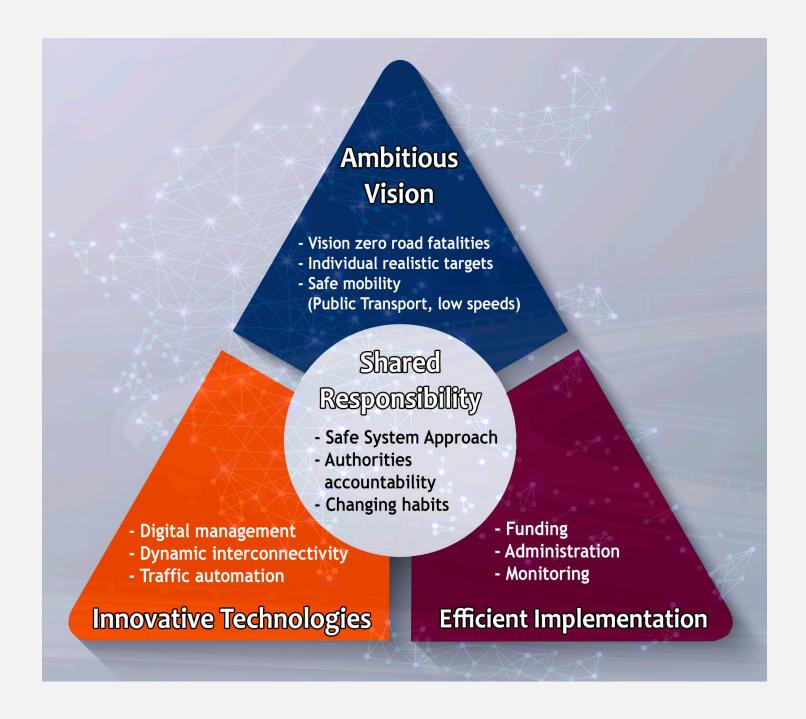
## Sub-Targets for Improving Road Safety Performance Indicators

KPIs	Baseline year 2019	Target 2025	Target 2030				
Helmet Use by Drivers							
Urban roads	85%	>90%	>98%				
Interurban roads*	87%	>90%	>98%				
Motorways	95%	>98%	100%				
Helmet Use by Passengers							
Urban roads	47%	>75%	>90%				
Interurban roads*	50%	>80%	>95%				
Motorways	65%	>90%	100%				
Seat-belt Use by Drivers							
Urban roads	60%	>90%	>95%				
Interurban roads*	65%	>95%	100%				
Motorways	78%	>95%	100%				
Seat-belt Use by Passengers							
Urban roads	45%	>80%	>90%				
Interurban roads*	50%	>85%	100%				
Motorways	65%	>90%	100%				
Mobile Phone Use							
Urban roads	12%	<7%	<4%				
Interurban roads*	10%	<5%	<2%				
Motorways	8%	<2%	<2%				
Speeding							
Urban roads	50%	<30%	<25%				
Interurban roads*	25%	<15%	<10%				
Motorways	20%	<10%	<5%				

<sup>\*</sup> Interurban roads are roads outside built-up areas, excluding motorways



#### **Strategic Plan Directions**



Based on the principles of Vision Zero and Safe System Approach, a **new holistic approach to road transport system's safety** in Greece for the decade 2021-2030 has been adopted with the ultimate goal of achieving the ambitious vision zero fatalities by 2050.







### **Open Consultation**

In the framework of the development of the National Road Safety Strategic Plan, a wide and organised **Open Consultation** of all public and non-public road safety stakeholders took place.

#### **Website Operation**

(www.nrso.ntua.gr/nrss2030)

- information on the development of the Strategic Plan
- support for the organised Open Consultation

#### 1st Consultation Phase (December 2021 - March 2022)

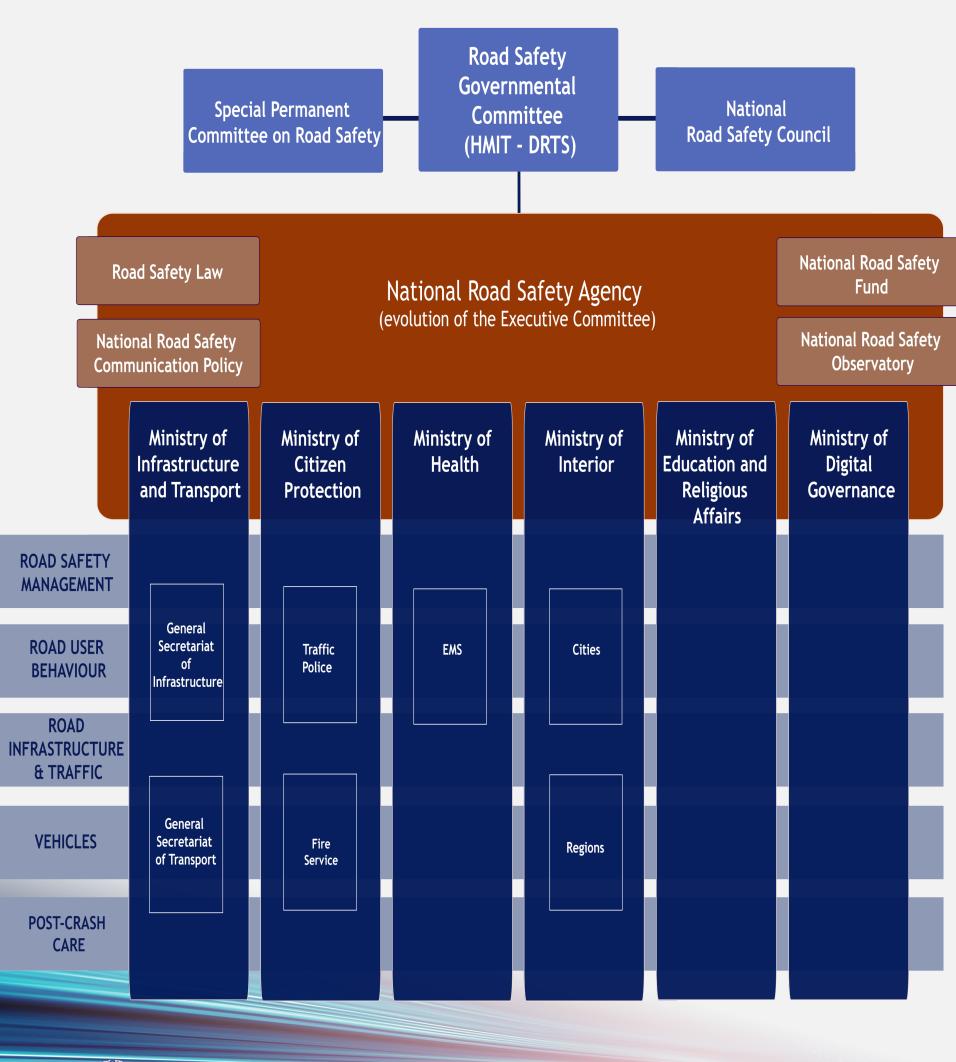
Comments, ideas and suggestions for road safety improvement by: Public Authorities Road Safety Stakeholders All citizens

#### 2<sup>nd</sup> Consultation Phase (May - June 2022)

Approval/Proposals of Actions by co-competent Ministries (members of the Road Safety Governmental Committee)

- Publication of the Final Draft
- Invitation for comments by everyone (Open Consultation)

## Structure of Strategic Plan Implementation Authorities





HELLENIC REPUBLIC
MINISTRY OF INFRASTRUCTURE AND TRANSPORT

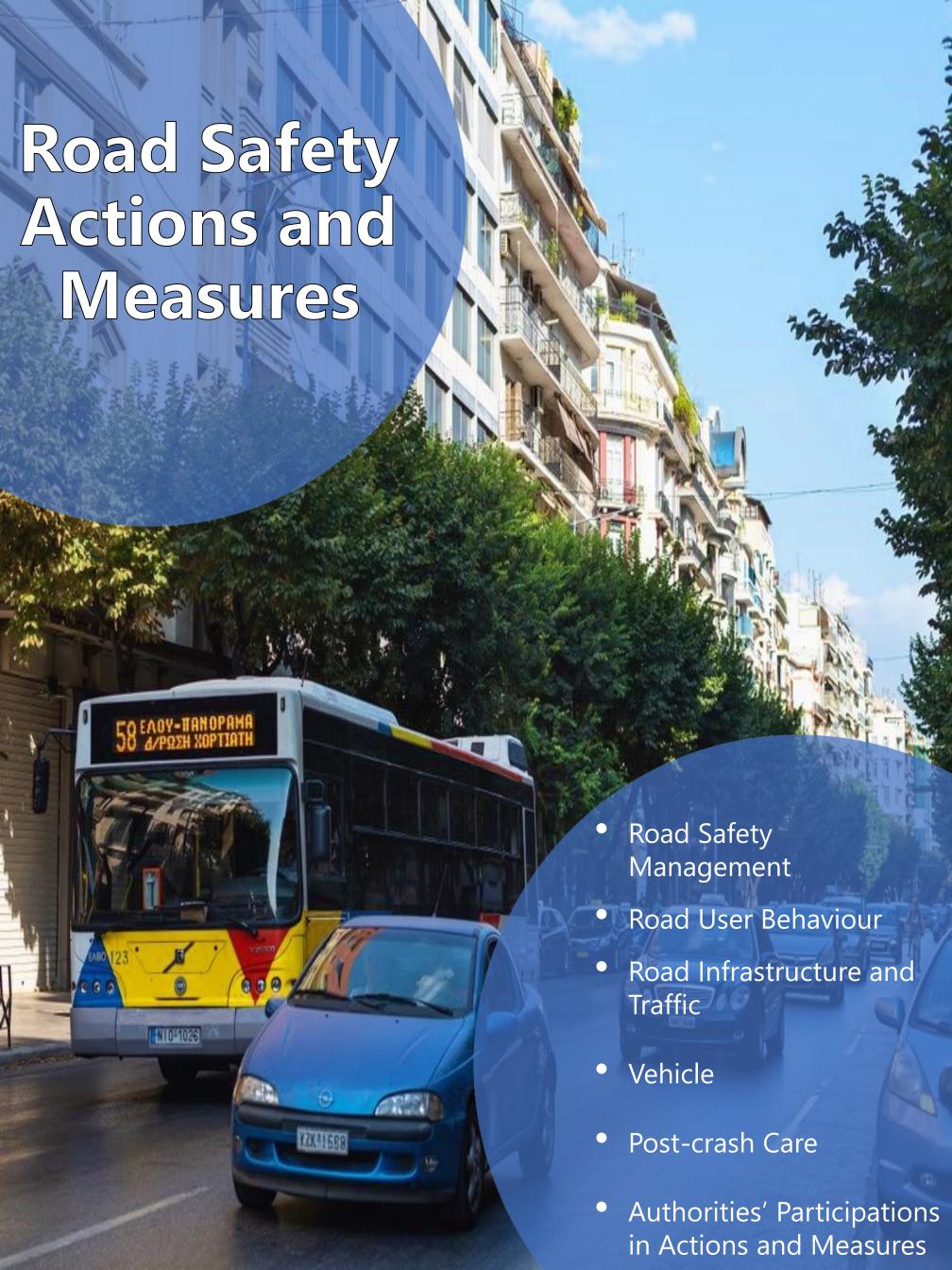


## Road Safety Actions and Measures

Road Safety Actions and Measures are allocated to the 5 UN Road Safety Pillars and the respective Implementing Authorities and have been defined based on:

- the experience from other countries and the directions of the European Union
- the specific road safety problems in **Greece** (motorcycles, speeding, urban areas etc.) and
- their **impact** on the achievement of the targets set

	Pillars	Actions	Measures
М	Road Safety Management	9	40
В	Road User Behaviour	8	40
- 1	Road Infrastructure & Traffic	14	64
V	Vehicle	7	28
Р	Post-crash Care	6	28
	Total	44	200





## Road Safety Management Actions

- M1. Integrated Road Safety Management Structure
- M2. Road Safety Law
- M3. Road Safety Fund
- M4. Road Safety Observatory
- M5. Road Traffic Code
- M6. Infringement System Management
- M7. National Road Safety Communication Policy
- M8. Road Safety Action Plans
- M9. Road Safety Research



## Road Safety Management Measures

Actions Measures	Munic.	. Reg.	MCP	GSI	GST	MH	MI	MERA	MDG	Law	***	**	*
M1 Integrated Road Safety Management Structure		Ţ	T 7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	7		7			
M1.1 Governmental Committee	-	-	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	V	1	-	-
M1.2 Executive Committee	-	-	1	7	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	√ ,	7	V	1	1	-	-
M1.3 Organization of Road Safety Units	1	1	<b>V</b>	7	√ ,	√ ,	√ ,	√	V	V	1	-	-
M1.4 National Road Safety Council	<b>√</b>	1	1	√ ,	√ ,	√ ,	√ ,	√ ,	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	-	·····	√
M1.5 ISO 39001 Certification	1	√	1	1	√	√	$\sqrt{}$	√	√	√	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
M2 Road Safety Law	F	······	ş	······	······						,		
M2.1 Institutionalization of responsibilities	1	√	√	√	√	V	√	√	√	√	V	-	-
M2.2 Institutionalization of accountability	-			-	√	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	1	-	-
M3 Road Safety Fund		,	,	,	, , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
M3.1 Function of Fund Management Authority	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-		-	-	V	V	-	-
M3.2 Road Safety Fund Revenue System	-	-	-	-	√	-		-	√ 	V	V	-	-
M3.3 Budget Allocation and Execution	-	_	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	1	-	-
M4 Road Safety Observatory	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,		,			,		possossossos	,		***************************************
M4.1 Collection of Crash data	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	
M4.2 Collection of Traffic data	$\sqrt{}$		-	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-
M4.3 Collection of Performance Indicators data			$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-
M4.4 Collection of Perception data			-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
M4.5 Technical Analyses				V	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
M4.6 Monitoring the progress of actions	1		$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
M4.7 Publication of Statistics and Results	-	-	1	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-
M4.8 International Rankings	-	-		-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>V</b>
M5 Road Traffic Code									*	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
M5.1 Comprehensive penalty policy	-	-		-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
M5.2 Settings for vulnerable road users	-	-		-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
M5.3 Codification of Legislation	-	-	-	-	√	-	-	-	-	<b>√</b>	V	-	-
M6 Infringement System Management										L	Sommen		
M6.1 Change of Legal Framework	-	-		-	V	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	V	V	-	-
M6.2 Digital recording of traffic infringements	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	V	V	-	-
M6.3 Organization of a Traffic Infringement Management Center	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	<b>√</b>	V	-	-
M6.4 Driver Behavior Control System Automation	-	<u> </u>		-	$\sqrt{}$	-	_	-	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	V	-	-
M6.5 System for informing road users on violations	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	1	-	-
M7 National Road Safety Communication Policy		<u> </u>								hamman	hacaaaaaaaaaa.		
M7.1 Central ten-year road safety campaign	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	_	-	-	-	1	-	-
M7.2 Annual thematic road safety campaigns	-	-	-	-	V	-	-	-	-	-	V	-	-
M7.3 Special Communication Actions	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	_	<b>V</b>	-
M7.4 Information campaigns in touristic areas			V	-		-	_	-	-	-	_	V	-
M7.5 Collaboration with Mass Media		V	V	<b>V</b>		V		V	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	V	-
M8 Road Safety Action Plans	ł	£	<b></b>				L	I		1			
M8.1 Road Safety Action Plans in Municipalities	V	_	-	-	V	-	-	_	_	V	V	-	_
M8.2 Road Safety Action Plans in Regions	_	V	-	-	V	-	-	-	-	V	$\overline{1}$	_	-
M8.3 National Road Safety Action Plan for Motorcycles	_	<u> </u>	-	-	√ √	-	_		_	V	V	_	-
M8.4 National Speed Management Action Plan	-	<del>-</del>	-	-	<b>√</b>	_	_	H <u>-</u>	_	V	V	_	-
M8.5 Road Safety Action Plan in Touristic Areas	_	_	_	-	V	_	_	<b>-</b>	_	V	-	$\sqrt{}$	_
M8.6 Action Plan for the Adaptation to Automated Traffic	_	_	-	-	\ \[\frac{1}{\sqrt{1}}\]	_	_			V	H	Ž	_
M9 Road Safety Research	<u> </u>	1			۲.			L				,	
M9.1 Interdisciplinary Road Safety Research	_	I -	_	-	_	_	_	_	_			V	_
M9.2 Research on automated traffic		<u> </u>	_	-				<u> </u>			<del>  </del>	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
M9.3 Highlighting road safety research results		<u> </u>	_		_	_		_		_	1	V	
	12	12	21	<u>-</u> 11	33	10	11	8	12	25	25	11	4
9 40	12	12	21	11	33	IU	11	0	12	25	23	11	4

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> High Priority Measures



<sup>\*\*</sup> Medium Priority Measures

<sup>\*</sup> Low Priority Measures



#### Road User Behaviour Actions

- **B1.** Enforcement
- B2. Driving Licenses
- B3. Driver Education/Training
- **B4.** School Education
- **B5.** Information Campaigns
- B6. Priorities for Driver Behaviour Improvement
- B7. Protective Equipment Use
- **B8.** Telematics

## Road User Behaviour Measures

	17100													
<b>Actions</b>	Measures	Munic.	Reg.	MCP	GSI	GST	MH	MI	MERA	MDG	Law	***	**	*
B1 Enfo	rcement													
B1.1	Systematic and targeted enforcement for road safety	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	V	-	-
B1.2	Monitoring and publication of monitoring results	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	V	-	-
B1.3	New Patrol Vehicles	-	-	V	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	V	-	-
B1.4	Surveillance cameras	-	-		-	-	_	-	-	-	-	V	-	-
B1.5	Equipment for alcohol and substances tests	-	-	V	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	V	-	-
B1.6	Violation and crash recording equipment	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	V	-	-
B1.7	Cross-border enforcement of sanctions	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	1	_	$\sqrt{}$	-
B2 Drivi	ng Licenses	<u></u>	ļ	å	J	l		l			I	l		
B2.1	Upgrading of driver training and examination system	-	-	I –	-	V	-	-	-	_	<b>V</b>		$\sqrt{}$	-
B2.2	Training and examination in hazard perception	-	-	-	-	V	_	-	-	-	V	-	-	V
B2.3	Accompanied driving	_	_	_	_	V	_	_	-	_	V	_	-	, V
B2.4	Continuous training of professional drivers	-	_	_	_	V	_	_	-	_	Ţ	_	$\sqrt{}$	_
B2.5	Training and re-examination of older drivers	_	_	_	_	<del>- 1</del>		_	_	_	J		$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1}}$	
<u></u>	er Education/Training	L	I	<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>					L			
B3.1	Continuing driver training programs	_	_	_	T -	V	-	-	_					$\sqrt{}$
B3.2	Training in new driver support systems				_	√			_		\\\		- V	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
B3.3	Training and performance assessment of professional drivers		_			√			_		V		V	
B3.4	Diagnostic (traffic-psychological) evaluation of offenders		-	_		√	- √		-	-	\ \ \ \ \	_	N 1	-
B3.5	Re-education of recidivist offenders		-	_	-		V	-	-	-	\ \frac{\frac}\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac}\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac}\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac}\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac}\fin}}}}}}{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac}\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac}\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac}\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac}\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac	-	N N	-
		-	-	-	-	. /	-	-	-	-		-	<b>√</b>	-
B3.6	Training through simulation	-	_			·V	-	-	-		1		-	√
janoonaanaanaana	pol Education			1	T	7			1					
B4.1	Education programs for children (<12 years old)		-	7	-	ν ,	-	-	7	-	-	\ 	-	-
B4.2	Education programs - adolescent education	-	-	<b>V</b>	-	<b>√</b>	-	-	<b>V</b>	-	-	√	-	-
B4.3	Train the trainer programs	-	-	√ ,	-	√ ,	-	-	√,	-	-	-	√	-
B4.4	Education programs for parents	-	-	√	-	√	-	-	<b>√</b>	-	-	-	-	V
B4.5	Introduction of Traffic Education in Pedagogical Schools	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	√,	-	√	-	-	V
B4.6	Traffic Education Parks					√	-	-	√	-		-	- ]	<b>√</b>
(00000000000000000000000000000000000000	mation Campaigns	p	·	·	·	,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	·	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	haranananananananananananananananananana	hamman		
B5.1	Coordination of information campaigns of Public and Private Bodies	-	-	-	-	√	-	-	-	-	-	-	√	-
B5.2	Systematic information campaigns			$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		-	-		-	-
B5.3	Public-Private Partnerships			$\sqrt{}$	√	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
B5.4	Coordinated campaigns with enforcement and infrastructure actions			$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-
<b>B6</b> Prio	rities for Driver Behaviour Improvement													
B6.1	Speed management	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
B6.2	Driver distraction	-	-		-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	$\vee$	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
B6.3	Driving under the influence of alcohol	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
B6.4	Driving under fatigue	-	-		-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-		-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
B6.5	Violation of priority	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
B7 Prot	ective Equipment Use	<del>}</del>	å	å	A						farmer market	house		
B7.1	Helmet	-	-	V	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-		-	-		-	-
B7.2	Safety belt	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
B7.3	Child restraint systems	-	-	<b>√</b>	-		_	-	<b>√</b>	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
B7.4	Safety equipment for cyclists	-	-	<b>√</b>	-	$\sqrt{}$	_	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	_	<b>√</b>	-
B8 Tele		£	l	8	J						ı	L		
B8.1	Promoting driver behavior monitoring using telematics	-	_	-	-	V	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	V
B8.2	Compulsory insurance with telematics for specific categories of drivers	-	_	<b>-</b>	-	V	-	-	_	_	7		$\sqrt{}$	_
B8.3	Telematics in fleet safety management	_	_	_	_		-	_	_	_	_	_	V	_
8 40	<u> </u>	4	3	23	3	33	3	2	17	2	14	17	14	9
J 40			3	23	J	00	J	_	- 17	_	17	11		3

\*\*\* High Priority Measures



<sup>\*\*</sup> Medium Priority Measures

<sup>\*</sup> Low Priority Measures



# Road Infrastructure and Traffic Actions

- 11. Public transport promotion
- 12. Speed limits revision
- 13. Speed management
- 14. Road Safety Audits
- 15. Improvements in High Risk Sites on Rural Road Network
- 16. Interventions on the Rural Road Network
- 17. Large Scale Infrastructure Projects
- 18. Interventions on the Urban Road Network
- 19. Traffic Calming Measures
- 110. Pedestrian, Bicycle and e-Scooter Traffic
- 111. Road Safety Traffic Arrangements
- 112. Roadworks Management
- 113. Vehicle to Infrastructure Communication (V2I)
- 114. Regulations



### Road Infrastructure and Traffic Measures

Actions	s Measures	Munic	c. Reg.	MCP	GSI	GST	МН	MI	MERA	MDG	Law	***	**	*
	ic Transport Promotion	Mulli	. iteg.	MOF	001	001	WILL	IVII	WEINA	MDO	Law			
11.1	Upgrade and staff public transport			Τ_	T -	V	_	_	_			<b>1</b> √	Т_Т	
11.2	Ensuring priority in public transport	1	<u></u>	1	_	\ √	_	_	_		_	1		_
11.3	Improved safety at stops			\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		<u>_</u>						1	<del>                                     </del>	
L	ed Limits Revision							_				V		
12.1	Speed limit suitability check		l √	T -	T $\sqrt{}$		_	_	_			_	I V	
12.1	30 km/h zones in urban centers	1	1 1	- V	_		_					- V	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
12.3	Reduction of speed limit to 80km/h in the rural network		\ \ \ \	1 1	_	_	_	_	_		V		1 1	
12.4	Introduction of variable speed limits on motorways		V	1	_   √		_	_	_		1		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	- V
L	d Management	J L		V	l v		_	_	_		V			V
13.1	Infrastructure adaptation		<b>1</b> √	T _	l √	_	_						V	
13.1	Section control	- V	V	- \[\sqrt{}\]	\ \_\	_		_	-	-	<u>-</u> √		+	- √
13.3		-		V	<del>                                     </del>	-	-	-	-	-	V	-	-	V
L	Dynamic speed signs	J L -		-	V	-	-	-	-		V	-		V
	Safety Audit	1											T	
14.1	Digital Road Register	-	-	-	V	-	-	-	-	-	-	- V	-	-
14.2	Road network safety assessment	-	-	-	√	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	√ ./	-
14.3	Road Safety Audit on the Existing Rural Network	-	<b>√</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	V	- √
14.4	Road Safety Audit on the Existing Urban Network	N N	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
14.5	Road Safety Audit on New Road Works		Λ	<u> </u>	1				-			1		-
	ovements in High Risk Sites on the Rural Road Network	1	1										1	
15.1	Marking	V	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-
15.2	Safety barriers	1	<b>V</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
15.3	Improvement of electric lighting	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	V	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	√	-	-
15.4	Roadside treatment	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	√	-
15.5	Assessment and improvement of visibility	1	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
15.6	Road pavement maintenance	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
15.7	Upgrading of signage, safety barriers, electric lighting, vegetation	1	√									√		
15.8	Interventions at level train crossings		√	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
16 Inter	ventions on the Rural Road Network	.,				·····	·····		·····		,			
16.1	Road redesign	V	√	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	$\sqrt{}$
16.2	Modification of road cross-section	√	√	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		V
16.3	Redesign of intersections	√		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-
16.4	Roundabouts	V		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
16.5	Leveling of intersections	V		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	V
17 Large	e Scale Infrastructure Projects													
17.1	Upgrading roads to motorways	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	V
17.2	Creation of bypass roads of settlements	V		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	V
17.3	Preparation and implementation of tunnel safety plans	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	V
17.4	Undergrounding of railway lines in cities	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	T - 1	V
******************		ne Xooroooooo									Construction of the Constr	homeone		

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> High Priority Measures



<sup>\*\*</sup> Medium Priority Measures

<sup>\*</sup> Low Priority Measures

### Road Infrastructure and Traffic Measures

Act	tions	Measures	Munic.	Reg.	MCP	GSI	GST	MH	MI	MERA	MDG	Law	***	**	*
18	nterve	ntions in the Urban Road Network													
	18.1	Redesign of intersections	<b>√</b>	V	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>V</b>
	18.2	Roundabouts		V	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
	18.3	Widening of sidewalks		V	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>√</b>	-	-
	18.4	Road pavement maintenance	V	V	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>√</b>	-	-
	10 F	Upgrading of signage, safety bariers, electric lighting,		-1											
	18.5	vegetation	7	٧									7		
19	Traffic	Calming Measures													
	19.1	Traffic Calming Measures		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
	19.2	20 km/h limit outside schools	√	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	√	-	-
	19.3	Upgrading of pedestrian crossings		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
	19.4	Creation of pedestrian roads	V	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	√	-	-
<b>I10</b>	Pedes	strian, Bicycle and e-Scooter Traffic	possesses	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	·	ç	Q0000000000000000000000000000000000000	ç	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	·	200000000000	(0000000000000000000000000000000000000	(mmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmmm		90000000000000
	110.1	Creating infrastructure for bicycle traffic		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-
	110.2	Configuration of intersections		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-
	110.3	Special pedestrian crossing signage		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
	I10.4	Update bicycle traffic rules		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
111	Road	Safety Traffic Regulations													
	l111.1	Improvement of signaling		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
	I11.2	One-way roads			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
	I11.3	Parking management		$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
	l11.4	Acess control on highways	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
	I11.5	Heavy vehicle traffic restrictions	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
	I11.6	Creating overtaking lanes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
	l111.7	Management of adverse weather conditions			-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
<b>I12</b>	Road	Works Management													
	l12.1	Application of appropriate marking and signage				$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$		-	-
	112.2	Reduction of road works duration			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
	112.3	Proper restoration of road pavement		$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
	112.4	Proper restoration of horizontal and vertical markings	V	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
	l12.5	Driver information campaigns					-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
113	Vehic	le to Infrastructure Communication	p	ų		·	·····	ç	·	·		p	ļ		p
	l13.1	Dynamic crash risk information	-	√	-	√	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
	113.2	Dynamic weather information	-	V	-	√	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	√
	113.3	Adaptation of infrastructure for communication with vehicles	-		-		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	V
114	Regul	ations	p						,	,		,		,	
	114.1	Updating and supplementing instructions and regulations	-	-	-	√	-	-	-	-	-		V	-	-
	114.2	Land use management	√		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	√	-	-
	114.3	Updating and supplementing urban planning regulations	V	$\sqrt{}$	-	√	-	-	-	-	-	V	-	$\sqrt{}$	-
	114.4	Integration of Road Safety in Sustainable Urban Mobility Plans	( √	V	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	V	-	-
14	64		48	40	7	21	3	0	0	0	0	12	27	12	25

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> High Priority Measures



<sup>\*\*</sup> Medium Priority Measures

<sup>\*</sup> Low Priority Measures

### Vehicle Actions



- V1. Vehicle Fleet Renewal
- V2. Vehicle Technical Inspection
- V3. New active safety systems,
- V4. New passive safety systems
- V5. Regulations
- V6. Fleet safety management
- V7. Connected & Automated Vehicles

#### Vehicle Measures

Actions	Measures	Munic	. Reg.	MCP	GSI	GST	МН	MI	MERA	MDG	Law	***	**	*
V1 Vehi	cle Fleet Renewal													
V1.1	Incentives for car fleet renewal	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	<b>√</b>	-	-
V1.2	Incentives for commercial fleet renewal	-	-	-	-	V	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	<b>√</b>
V1.3	Privileges for safe vehicles	-	-	-	-	V	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	V	-
V1.4	Systematic updating of EuroNCAP results	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	<b>√</b>	-	-
V2 Vehi	cle Technical Inspection	5	*								t <del>a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a </del>			
V2.1	Systematic vehicle inspections	-		-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-
V2.2	Special technical inspection of vehicles for tourism	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	V	-	-
V2.3	Reliability check of vehicle technical inspection	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-		-	-
V2.4	Technical inspection of mopeds	-		-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	$\sqrt{}$	-
V2.5	Digital vehicle ID	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	$\sqrt{}$	-
V3 New	active safety systems													
V3.1	Driver warning systems	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	<b>√</b>
V3.2	Driver support systems	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	<b>√</b>
V3.3	Alcohol detector-key system	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	√	√	-	-
V3.4	Installation of black box in all vehicles	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	<b>√</b>
V3.5	Blind spot mirrors on trucks	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	V	√	-	-
V3.6	Pedestrian / bicyclist detection sensors in trucks	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	√	-	-
processors	passive safety systems		***************************************		ç		,, <u>,</u>	,	,		yaanaanaanaa	,	·	
V4.1	New child restraint systems	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	√
V4.2	Pedestrian protection systems	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	√
V4.3	Motorcycle protection systems	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
V5 Reg	ulations	parronnan		200000	ç	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(marana marana m	,	·	
V5.1	Implementation of European Directives and Regulations	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	1	-	-
V5.2	Vehicle communication with other vehicles, infrastructure and users (V2	2) -	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	√
V5.3	Implementation of Regulation for Transport of Dangerous Goods	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
V5.4	Vehicle insurance check	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	√	-	-
p	t safety management	ş			8							,		
V6.1	Establishment of a vehicle fleet safety certification body	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
V6.2	Promoting fleet safety systems in companies	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	√	-
V6.3	Public Procurement only with certified companies			-		$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
ş	nected & Automated Vehicles		·		,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	p	,	,		Secondario	***************************************	alemanana de la companya de la comp	200000000000000000000000000000000000000
V7.1	Legislative adjustments for automated vehicles	-	-	-	-	√ 	-	-	-	-	V	-	√	-
V7.2	Development of technological infrastructure for automated vehicles	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	V	-	-	<b>√</b>
V7.3	Automated Traffic Organization	-	-	-	-	√	-	-	-	-	V	-	-	<b>√</b>
7 28		1	5	0	1	28	0	0	0	2	25	9	6	13

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> High Priority Measures



<sup>\*\*</sup> Medium Priority Measures

<sup>\*</sup> Low Priority Measures

### Post-crash Care Actions



- P1. Intervention Time Reduction
- P2. Enhancing Emergency Response Units
- P3. First aid driver training
- P4. Hospital Care Improvement
- P5. Establishment of Trauma Registry
- P6. Support of Road Crash Victims

### Post-crash Care Measures

Actions	Measures Measures	Munic.	Reg.	MCP	GSI	GST	MH	MI	MERA	MDG	Law	***	**	*
P1 Inte	rvention Time Reduction	***************************************	•									***************************************		
P1.1	Promotion of the eCall system	-	-		-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$		-	-
P1.2	Promotion of the 112 call	-	-		-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$		-	-
P1.3	Response time performance indicators	-	-		-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-		-	-
P1.4	Emergency Lane assurance	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
P1.5	Organization of emergency vehicles in Motor Service Stations	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-		-	-
P1.6	Plans for the location of emergency intervention units	-	-		-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	-
P1.7	Development of a network of special rescue means	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
P1.8	Air transport system organization	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
P2 Enh	ancing Emergency Response Units													
P2.1	Adequate staffing of units with rescuers	-	-		-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	-
P2.2	Training of emergency response executives	-	-		-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
P2.3	New Fire Brigade Vehicles	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
P2.4	New Fire Brigade Equipment	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
P2.5	New Ambulances	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
P2.6	New Ambulance Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-
P2.7	Creation of Mobile Medical Units	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
P3 Firs	t Aid Driver Training													
P3.1	Training of candidate drivers in first aid	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	$\sqrt{}$	-
P3.2	Lifelong education of all citizens in first aid	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	1
P3.3	Driver training in crash management	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	<b>V</b>
P4 Hos	pital Care Improvement													
P4.1	Organization of emergency care units	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
P4.2	Creation of Trauma Centers	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
P4.3	Organization of a network of care centers	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
P4.4	Multi-Injury Care Protocols (triage)	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-		-	-
P4.5	Blood Bank for the injured in road crashes	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-
P5 Esta	blishment of Trauma Registry													
P5.1	Development of an Electronic Trauma Register	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$		-	-
P5.2	Application of MAIS3+ protocol	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$		-	-
P6 Sup	port of Road Crash Victims													
P6.1	Establishment of rehabilitation centers for the injured	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
P6.2	Psychological support for road crash victims	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
P6.3	Training of judicial officers	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\sqrt{}$
6 2	В	0	0	10	0	3	22	0	0	0	9	12	4	12

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> High Priority Measures



<sup>\*\*</sup> Medium Priority Measures

<sup>\*</sup> Low Priority Measures

#### **Authorities' Participations in Actions** and Measures by Road Safety Pillar

	Authorities' Participations in Actions												
	Manag.	Behav.	Infrastr.	Total									
Cities	5	2	13	1	0	21							
Regions	5	1	12	2	0	20							
MCP	6	5	4	0	2	17							
GSI	4	1	8	1	0	14							
GST	8	8	2	7	1	26							
MH	4	2	0	0	5	11							
MI	5	1	0	0	0	6							
MERA	4	4	0	0	1	9							
MDG	5	1	0	2	0	8							
Total	46	25	39	13	9	132							

	Authorities' Participations in Measures												
	Manag.	Behav.	Infrastr.	Vehicle	Total								
Cities	12	4	48	1	0	65							
Regions	12	3	41	5	0	61							
MCP	21	23	7	0	10	61							
GSI	11	3	21	1	0	36							
GST	33	33	3	28	3	100							
MH	10	3	0	0	22	35							
MI	11	2	0	0	0	13							
MERA	10	17	0	0	1	28							
MDG	20	2	0	2	0	24							
Total	140	90	120	37	36	423							

MCP: Ministry of Citizen Protection GSI: General Secretariat of Infrastructure GST: General Secretariat of Transport MH: Ministry of Health

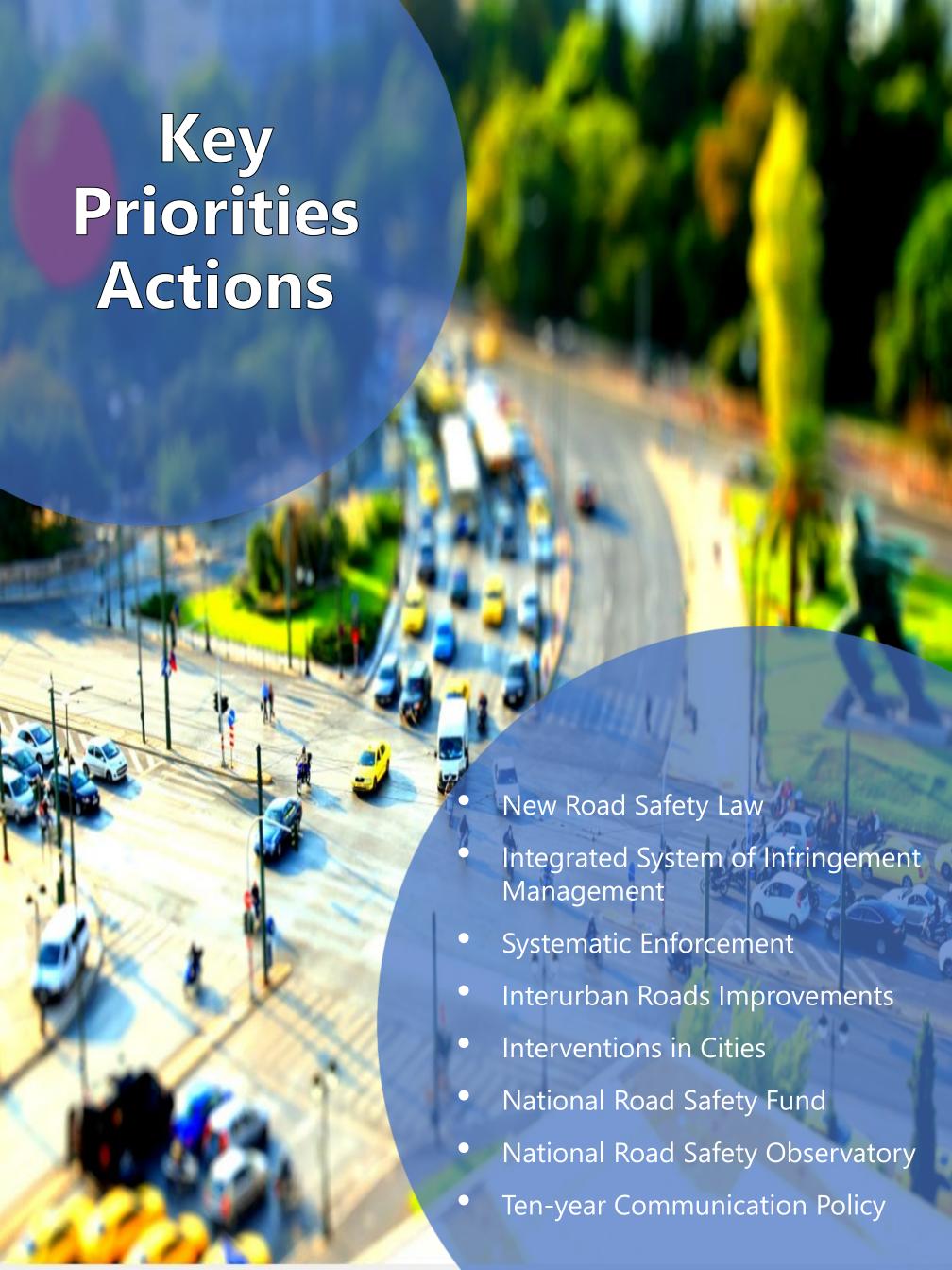
MI: Ministry of Interior

MERA: Ministry of Education and Religious Affairs

MDG: Ministry of Digital Governance

Cities, Regions







### New Road Safety Law

The institutionalization of responsibilities is necessary to increase the efficiency of the Public Administration and the specific Road Safety Actions and Measures foreseen.

The New Road Safety Law will define precisely and clearly the responsibilities of each Public Authority for Road Safety (Ministries and their services and Authorities, Cities, Regions) in terms of mission, responsibilities, cooperation requirements, specific actions and measures with concrete budgets and timeplan.

In addition, the new Road Safety Law will include **detailed monitoring and accountability procedures** of the competent Authorities in order to ensure the continuity and consistency of actions and to monitor their impact on road safety improvement.

# Integrated System of Infringement Management

For the efficient development and operation of a new Integrated System of Infringement Management, a series of **legislative initiatives** are foreseen, concerning:



- the **responsibilities** of all Authorities involved
- the **procedures** for infringements and offenders confirmation
- the detection of offenders by technical means
- personal data protection issues
- the **Authorities** recipients of the fines
- the system for fine collection

The digital recording of infringements, the organisation of an **Infringements Management Center** which will be fully automated and connected to all relevant databases, the automation of the Point Demerit System and the development of an online system to inform road users about their infringements will contribute to this direction.



#### Systematic Enforcement

The intensification of enforcement by the Traffic Police is proven to be the primary measure (in Greece and worldwide) which can lead to an immediate improvement of the behaviour of road users and to the subsequent significant reduction of road crashes.

Specifically, the enforcement will be systematic and targeted in space and time, with particular **emphasis on the internationally recognised key dangerous behaviours** of road users, such as:

- speed of all vehicle types
- non use of seat belt by drivers and passengers
- non use of helmet by riders
- mobile phone use while driving
- driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs

# Extensive Interurban Roads Improvements

The implementation of specific measures and extensive interventions on the **interurban road network** (excluding motorways) can significantly upgrade the level of road safety provided, contributing to the reduction of road crashes and their consequences.

Basic improvements in the interurban road network, usually after the relevant road safety audits:

- Reduction of speed limits to 80km/h
- Road redesign, modification of road cross-sections, redesign of intersections, leveling of intersections, construction of roundabouts
- Improvements in high-risk sites: signs, markings, safety barriers, lighting, roadside treatment, visibility, maintenance of pavements, signs, safety barriers, lighting and vegetation, interventions at level train crossings



#### Systematic Road Safety Interventions in Cities

The coexistence of all road user types in the urban road environment (pedestrians, passenger cars, bicycles, micromobility vehicles, etc.) makes it

imperative to develop and implement new Sustainable Urban Mobility Plans, carry out systematic road safety audits of the existing road network and systematic road safety interventions such as:

- 30 km/h zones in all central urban areas
- Construction of roundabouts
- Redesign of intersections
- Widening of sidewalks
- Upgrading of road pavements, markings, safety barriers, lighting, and vegetation maintenance
- Traffic Calming Measures
- 20 km/h speed limit around schools
- Upgrading of pedestrian crossings
- Development of infrastructure for bicycle and micro-mobility traffic

### National Road Safety Fund

Reservation of a specific budget

exclusively for road safety actions and measures is a basic precondition for the effective implementation of the National Road Safety Strategic Plan.



This budget will cover the **entire decade** 2021-2030 with specific timeplans, revenues and an efficient way of allocation and execution for the implementation of the foreseen Actions and Measures.

The National Road Safety Fund will operate within the framework of the Road Safety Governmental Committee, under the control of the relevant National Road Safety Agency and special **operating rules**.

The **revenues** of the National Road Safety Fund will derive from:

- the Public Investment Program
- the National Strategic Reference Framework (NSRF)
- the National Recovery and Resilience Plan (NRRP)
- other European resources (Connecting Europe Facility, EIB, etc.)
- various fees (Technical Inspections, driving and vehicle licenses etc.)
- Road Traffic Code infringements' fines
- all types of sponsorships and donations from private sector





#### National Road Safety Observatory

The use of **high quality data** for road safety is essential at every stage of the policy cycle (definition of the vision and the strategy, identification of problems, definition

of targets and priorities, identification of appropriate Actions and Measures, monitoring and evaluation of results).

The **development and continuous operation** of the National Road Safety Observatory will exploit all modern technologies and include:

- the systematic collection and analysis of all necessary data (road crashes, traffic, performance indicators, perceptions),
- conducting specialised analyses targeting the specific critical road safety problems in Greece with emphasis on monitoring the implementation of the Strategic Plan,
- the continuous updating and publication of all data and results of the Actions and the respective road safety performances at local and national level.

# Ten-year Communication Policy

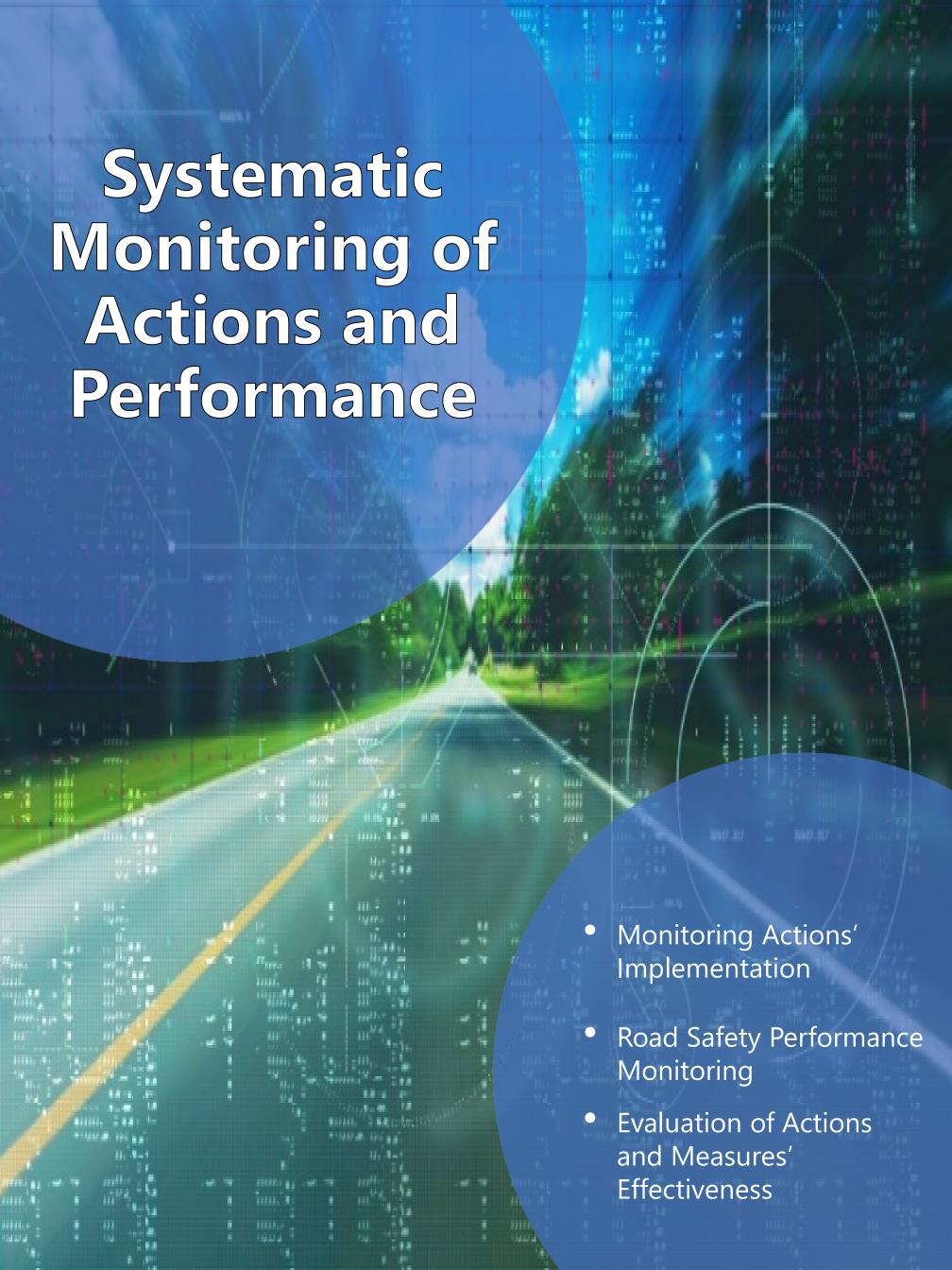
The National Communication Road Safety Policy covers the **entire duration** of the Strategic Plan, aiming to develop a better road safety behaviour and culture for both road users and the Implementing Authorities.



The implementation of the National Communication Road Safety Policy will be **massive**, **highly penetrating** throughout society and include all means of information (mass and social media, etc.), targeting the specific high-risk groups (motorcyclists, young, etc.).

In addition, it will have one **central theme** of road safety promotion for the whole decade which will be complemented by specific annual and other targeted programs.

Given the duration of the program, the chosen theme will be **in the direction of achieving the long-term vision** of the Strategic Plan for the elimination of fatalities in road crashes (no fatal or serious injuries are acceptable).





# Monitoring Actions' Implementation

The steps required to enable the monitoring of the implementation of the Road Safety Actions, through the National Road Safety Observatory include:

- The systematic collection of information for the implementation of the Actions foreseen in the Strategic Plan
- Detailed **progress reports** of the work of the competent implementing Authorities to the Road Safety Governmental Committee every six months, with detailed information on the physical and financial object of the Actions and Measures.
- The use of appropriate monitoring indicators, through which the
  percentage of actions' implementation will be recorded, followed
  by the evaluation of the effectiveness of the Implementation
  Authorities for the redistribution of the budgets.

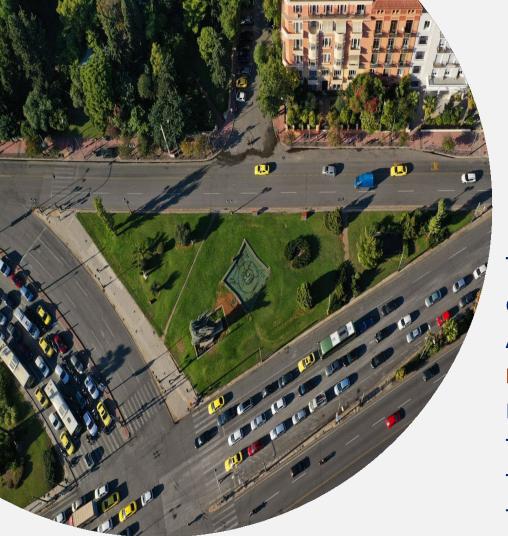
#### Road Safety Performance Monitoring

Road safety performance will be monitored at both National and Regional/Local level



In order to monitor the road safety performance effectively, a series of **quantitative indicators** have been defined, which are related to:

- the final road safety results (road crashes and casualties), and
- the interim results related to road users' behaviour (speed, driving under the influence of alcohol, driver distraction, use of protective equipment), road infrastructure safety, vehicle safety and emergency response time.

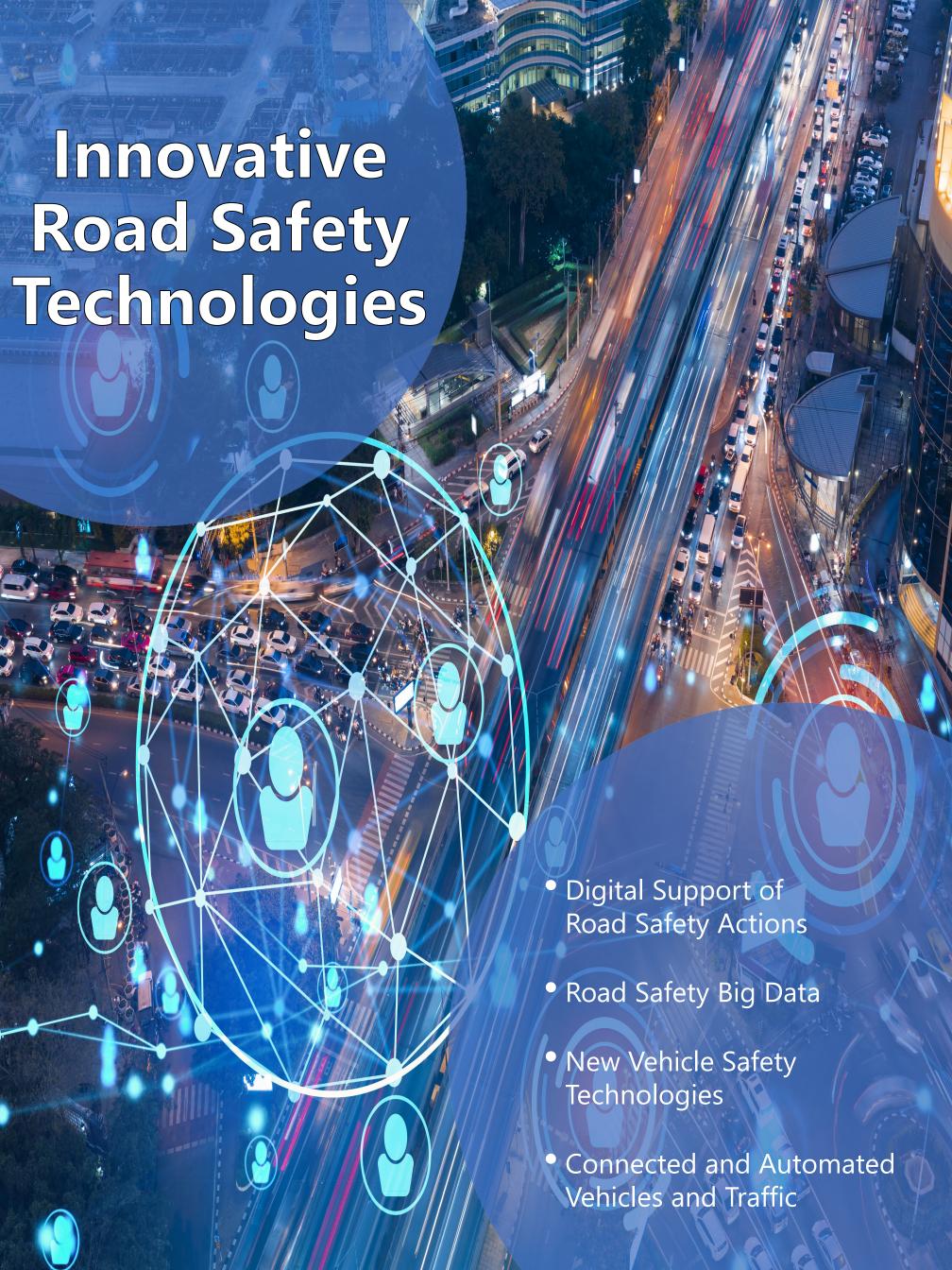


## Evaluation of Actions and Measures' Effectiveness

The evaluation of the effectiveness of the implemented Road Safety Actions and Measures provides the **necessary documentation** for their necessity in order to address the targeted road safety issues and for their impact on the final outcomes through the related general and specific quantitative targets.

The evaluation process includes four stages:

- collection of the necessary data,
- selection of the appropriate methods and evaluation indicators for each category of Actions and Measures,
- reliable implementation of these evaluation methods for specific areas and time periods,
- publication of the evaluation results.





# Digital Support of Road Safety Actions

The organisation and implementation of several Road Safety Actions and Measures can exploit significantly the new potential of the digital era.

The Executive Committee and the National Road Safety Observatory will take advantage of all technological developments for:

- the quick and reliable **collection and analysis** of all necessary data,
- the integration of new computing capabilities in Authorities decision support,
- the effective **interconnection and coordination** of all involved Authorities and other stakeholders.

The New Integrated System of Infringements Management will exploit all new technological applications both for the quick confirmation of infringements (advanced cameras and computer systems) and for their rapid processing (advanced Infringements Management Center), including the immediate notification of drivers.

### Road Safety Big Data

The exploitation of new big data is expected to significantly support road safety actions and measures with:



- quick and reliable collection of big data on crashes, traffic, performance indicators and the progress of Actions from any public or non-public source,
- exploitation of data from special sensors on the road, vehicles and smart phones as well as from video image analysis, social media and telematics,
- exploitation of the most advanced artificial intelligence and machine learning techniques for the conversion of data into useful indicators, but also for the multi-level and multi-parametric analysis of the causes of road crashes,
- real-time support of the Authorities' strategic, tactical and operational decisions.



# New Vehicle Safety Technologies

Every effort will be made for the rapid introduction of all new technologies of active and passive vehicle safety in all new vehicles with the necessary Legislative Regulations and Financial Incentives, with emphasis on:

- monitoring and timely compliance with all new European Regulations for the new safety features of new vehicles,
- mandatory introduction of all new active and passive safety vehicle systems, with special training of all drivers in them,
- promotion of Advanced Driver Assistance Systems in both new and old vehicles (with retrofitting).

# Connected and Automated Vehicles and Traffic

The introduction of connected and automated vehicles in traffic is expected to **minimize human error** and gradually lead to a particularly significant reduction in road crashes and casualties. For this reason, with the systematic monitoring of all international developments:



- all new regulations for the traffic of connected and automated vehicles will be prepared on time,
- all issues of personal data protection, cyber security and civil liability will be regulated,
- all the necessary adjustments of the road infrastructure and the traffic management centers will be carried out on time,
- provision will be made for the retraining of drivers of automated vehicles,
- particular attention will be paid to the transitional period of mixed traffic of conventional and automated vehicles, but also to their interface with vulnerable road users (pedestrians, cyclists, motorcyclists).

